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MRS. PANKHURST TO-DAY.

"IT IS THE MEN'S JOB TO
PROVIDE HOMES."

"LET THEM STOP QUARRELLING
AND EARN THE MONEY."

Sir George Newman, Chief Medical
Officer to the Ministry of Health, ad-
dressing the delegates to the annual con-
ference of women's institutes the other
day, told his hearers that scientific care
of children was needed if we were to
create an Imperial race.

An increasing number of women are
asking themselves how this necessary care
can be given to all the children of the
British people. How can we give our
children the environment and the phys-
ical, mental, and moral care required
for the making of a race worthy of its
Imperial inheritance and prepared for its
great responsibilities?

The proper rearing of a child is an
expensive process, and only the fortunate
few among parents can as yet afford to
give their children all they should have
to make them as nearly perfect in body
and mind as is humanly possible.

"Why Don't Men Get Together?"

Even if every child were born of healthy
parents (which is far from being the case)
there are not enough suitable homes, nor
enough food and clothing, ready for them
after they are born. How to procure and
pay for these indispensable things is the
constant preoccupation of the majority
of mothers.

While Dr. Newman was delivering his
admirable speech to women in the Queen's
Hall, I was standing with one of these
worried women in Horseferry-road, West-
minster. We were looking at the experi-
mental six-roomed house built by unskilled
labour at small cost and in an incre-
dibly short space of time.

After reading the notice board, my
companion exclaimed: "If houses like
this can be built so cheaply and so quick-
ly, why don't men get together and build
them, and so save women and children
from having to live in single rooms, or
even going to the workhouse, for shelter?
It is the men's job to provide homes, so
they say. Why don't they stop quarrel-
ling among themselves and do it?"

Millions of women today are asking
the same question.

His Duty—and Hers.

If it is the woman's duty to risk her
life in childbirth, and to nurse and rear
the child in infancy (and no one denies
it is her duty), then it is clearly the man's
job to provide a suitable and secure home
and the necessary money to enable her
to do her work properly.

The greatest service women can render
to the nation and the race at the present
time is to impress upon men collectively
and individually that their most pressing
duty is to provide homes for the rising
generation. Let us insist on more houses
without loss of time, because we know
that this year 700,000 women will bear
700,000 future citizens, and therefore the
need for homes is more than ever urgent.

Let us see to it that the houses so
greatly needed are adapted to modern
requirements and equipped with labour-
saving appliances, so that domestic work
shall not entail long hours of hopeless
drudgery.

An adequate and conveniently installed
supply of water, gas, and electricity
should be compulsory in every house,
however small; and no house must be
built without a bathroom. In the family
house there must be not fewer than three
bedrooms, comfortable living rooms, and
a conveniently arranged kitchen.

Recent experiments have proved that
it is possible to provide such houses at a
moderate price.

It has also been proved that the neces-
sary labour can be recruited from the
ranks of the unemployed. The six-roomed
concrete house I inspected in Horseferry-
road is the work of unskilled men, and
I shall long remember the pride with
which one of them (an ex-Service man)
showed me what they have accomplished.
He knew nothing of house-building when
he started, but "There's nothing you
can't do if you want to do it, and use
your brains," said he.

The War, and Then Strikes.

Can we not without further loss of time
make an effort to settle the housing ques-
tion and solve the problem of unemploy-
ment by building on a large scale the
houses that are so urgently needed, and
must be provided before we can hope for
success in our task of creating an Imperial
race?

When our houses are built and furnish-
ed, our work will really begin.

The Imperial citizen in prospect is an
expensive as well as a precious responsi-
bility. He must be kept in good health,
be well fed, well clothed, and well edu-
cated. There must be no scrimping and
saving where the child is concerned, if
we are to make a real success of our job.

To economise at the expense of the
child is a fatal policy; and yet we are
faced with a most difficult situation.

The war left us poor, and strikes and
industrial disputes have made us poorer.
How in the face of these hard economic
facts are we to find the means for our
great and patriotic task?

The answer is to be found in the ex-
clamation of my chance acquaintance in the
Horseferry-road: "Let the men stop
quarrelling among themselves"—and earn
the necessary money.

(Continued on next column.)

£120,000 SURPRISE.

SURREY WOMAN'S LEGACY FROM
HER FATHER.

AN EMPLOYEE OF FAR EAST
CABLE CO.

Careworn, July 28th.

Mrs. Selfe, who during the war lived
at Croydon, Surrey, with her father, has
inherited £120,000 under his will. He
had been formerly employed by a cable
company in the Far East. After retir-
ing he invested his savings in oil and
other shares, nearly everything he touch-
ed booming. The size of the legacy
greatly surprised Mrs. Selfe and her hus-
band.

Mrs. Selfe says that she and her hus-
band intend devoting themselves to gar-
dening for the remainder of their lives
in the remote little village near Robert-
son, where they have resided for the past
seven years.

They think South Africa the best
country in the world to live in and their
three children will be educated here.

THANKS TO MR. COOK.

HIS RECORD EXAMINED.

Sir Francis Joseph writing in a Home
paper says:—Perhaps the most import-
ant claim made by Mr. Cook is that he is
fighting the battle of the workers. The
number who believe Mr. Cook is rapidly
growing smaller, but it is desirable to
state what Mr. Cook's efforts have ac-
complished.

1. He secured a general strike in our
main industries which ended in a
collapse.

2. As a result of the general strike
and the continued strike of the miners,
nearly every trade union in the country
has practically exhausted the funds ac-
cumulated over years.

3. Thousands of workers cannot be
reinstated. These men are drawing the
depleted funds of their union—thanks
to Mr. Cook.

4. Valuable concessions have been
secured by the railway workers and
others solely owing to Mr. Cook.

5. The number of unemployed regis-
tered at the Labour Exchanges has in-
creased by over one million. These
figures do not include the miners, who
number 1,100,000.

6. Trade has been paralysed.

7. He (Mr. Cook) has lost to the
workers markets which will take years
to regain.

8. He has deluded the miners and the
workers by telling them that the miners
in other countries would not get coal
for Great Britain.

9. His policy has given boom con-
ditions to the miners of France, Ger-
many, Belgium, and elsewhere. They are
working seven days a week.

10. He has compelled many factories
in this country to adopt alternatives for
fuel. When the mines restart many of
these factories may not go back to coal.

11. He has done more than any living
man to destroy the workers' faith in
trade unionism as a force which, by
wisdom and negotiating ability, protects
their interests and improves their posi-
tion.

12. He has abused and vilified prac-
tically every trade union leader of re-
pute because they refuse blindly to
follow his insane policy.

13. He has boasted that the strike has
already cost £400,000,000.

This is his record on behalf of the
workers. Surely the time has come when
Mr. Cook, the humble disciple of Lenin
and Trotsky, must be judged by the stark
realities which his policy has produced!

No More Class Warfare.

We can accomplish the task of creating
an Imperial race when national unity and
co-operation take the place of class hatred
and class warfare, when arbitration takes
the place of strikes and lock-outs, which
mean the reckless squandering of life and
money. By means of co-operation and
industrial peace we shall acquire the
national wealth, prosperity and security
that are needed to secure the home con-
ditions, the education and the training
that are essential for the creating and
preserving of an Imperial race.

Women by nature and inherited train-
ing and experience are vitally interest-
ed in the guardianship of the race. They
are now citizens sharing with men the
duties and responsibilities of citizenship,
and can do much to make men of all
classes realise the seriousness of the pre-
sent situation.

Men and women alike must in the
national interest forget their differences
and unite to protect and develop the
great inheritance of the British people.—
EMMELINE PANKHURST in Ez.

THE BURDEN OF INDIGESTION.

Here are the facts about a real remedy for
indigestion—that burden which makes life a
misery for so many. The remedy is
"Bismarck" Magnesia, a harmless yet effective
compound which, since its inception, has re-
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grateful people in all parts of the world as well
as the recommendation of doctors, nurses and
hospitals. "Bismarck" Magnesia stops
stomach pain instantly by removing its cause;
it is quite inoperative and either tablet or
powder form can be obtained from any chemist.
It is a sure, safe and safe remedy for those
who suffer from indigestion, but when buying
care should be taken to see that it is
"Bismarck" Magnesia, for nothing else will do.
Best to look for the registered trade-mark
"Bismarck" and "Bismag" which are boldly
printed on every package—then you know
you're safe!

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does its work smoothly, efficiently.

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[A.P.B.]

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ON SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES of the HONGKONG
WEEKLY PRESS, July to December
1925.
With Index. Price—\$7.50.
On sale at the Hongkong Daily Press Office

IRON PICTURES.
A DISTINCTIVE CHINESE CRAFT.

THE STORY OF ITS ORIGIN.

One of the distinctive crafts of China, which enjoyed a considerable vogue among the Manchus and is popular among foreigners, is that of wrought iron pictures. Using the common material of which wagon tires, nails and hoes are made, a skilled smith may make pictures of landscapes or flowers which rival in beauty of line and delicacy of composition the ink paintings which are their models. More substantial than the paintings, they may be mounted in frames, with paper or silk behind them, or placed in windows so that they become part of the architectural decoration of the room. Both methods of display are followed by the Chinese, though the foreigners generally prefer the more portable form. It is certain, too, that some of the best of these pictures were mounted in frames, for we still have some bearing upon white silk or paper backgrounds the signatures and seal of the man who is reputed to have been the inventor of the art.

ORIGIN OF THE PICTURES.

There are many stories concerning the origin of these pictures. One favourite narrative concerns the artistic son of a master blacksmith, who used to play with shavings and scraps of iron in a corner of his father's smithy. With these he made pictures which attracted the attention of his elders and led them to develop a plan by which the compositions could be preserved.

Another well-known tale is that of the smith who lived across the road from a temple in which dwelt a priest famous for his ink paintings. The iron worker begged the priest to teach him to paint, but the latter laughingly sent him back to his forge. Later the priest began to dispose of his paintings, and the rumour spread that most of them were being bought by one man. Shortly thereafter copies of these paintings wrought in iron began to appear in the market. When the case was investigated it was found that the smith had stuck to his forge without giving up his hope of becoming an artist.

The only story for which I am able to quote more than hearsay authority is that of Tang Ping, whose biography in the Chinese Biographical Dictionary gives an account of the origin of this unique handicraft.

In the time of Kang Hsi, second emperor of the Ch'ing dynasty, there lived in Wuhu in Anhwei a man by the name of Tang Ping who was called T'ien Ch'ih. He was an iron worker by trade, and had the good or bad fortune to live next to the home of the artist Hsiao Yun Ts'ung. This artist held a very exalted opinion of both himself and his art, and apparently he lost no opportunity to impress his greatness upon his more humble neighbours. Tang Ping was not pleased with this, but thought that if his neighbour could be an artist he could also. One day after a particularly aggravating experience, he went into his house, shut his door, and gave himself up to thought. After some time spent in meditation he leaped up, and thrust a piece of iron into the fire, and presently drawing it forth red hot, bent it into the shape of grass, insects, flowers and bamboo. He continued to develop his technique until he was able to make large landscapes; and it is said that his work was exactly like that of famous artists. He produced a large number of pictures in spite of the fact that it sometimes took him a year to complete a large landscape. Some of his pictures were mounted in frames, and it is recorded that some were made into more utilitarian lanterns. Though many men bought his pictures when he was alive not many and only small specimens of his work survive. He called these products of his forge "iron pictures," *T'ieh hua*.

Two other names of Anhwei men are associated with the early days of iron pictures. One is Chu Ke Sheng, and the other Liang Ying Feng. The latter is said by some to have been the real inventor of these pictures. He was older than Tang Ping and lived in a different village; but during part of his lives at least they were contemporaries. However valid may be Liang's claim to the honour of having been the originator of this kind of metal work, it is certain that it was Tang's work that first received prominence and recognition. Liang is said to have called his pictures "iron flowers," *T'ieh hua*.

PRESENT DAY PRICES.

Iron pictures are produced to-day in the vicinity of Wuhu, and may be found for sale in Peking. When the amount of work involved in the making of them is considered the prices, which vary about Yuan \$30 for an ordinary set of four panels, are not dear. As the pictures must support themselves they are usually made in sets of panels. Landscapes are so composed that each one of a set is complete in itself or an adequate component part of a unified whole when the panels are hung together. A favourite subject is the *Four Seasons*, in which the plum, orchid, bamboo and chrysanthemum are represented, one in each of four panels. Single panels having single subjects are also produced. Report has it that the making of these pictures is becoming a lost art. In former days imperial patronage was often enjoyed by the makers, and Kang Hsi is said to have been especially liberal. What the future will hold is doubtful.

When we look at these pictures from the standpoint of a handicraft we need withhold none of our admiration for the skill and ingenuity with which the smiths have wrought the delicate lines that form their compositions. In some of the larger compositions the bark of trees and construction of leaves is represented in most meticulous detail, and the sets of flowers are often very realistic. We must, however, be careful to avoid including iron

(Continued on next column.)

B.A.T. SHARES.

ISSUE OF \$2,000,000 TO CHINESE.

Shares to the value of \$2,000,000 in British-American Tobacco Co. interests are being offered to Chinese at the moment. The issue forms part of the capital of the B.A.T. China Security Co., which is a "China" public company. The shares, are "China" shares as distinct from the "London" shares. There is no intention of offering the shares for subscription to the public.

Chinese all over the country are being sent forms on which they are asked to specify the number they want. Allotment will be decided later, it was stated. These shares are stated to be offered at about \$85 (the equivalent of £10) per share. The Security Co., of course, is distinct from the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd., the head office of which is in Shanghai.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Average 27th, 1926.

Hongkong Bank	1100 sel.
Do. (London)	1135 nom.
Chartered Bank	2201 buy.
Mercantile Bank & C.	2301 nom.
Do. (C)	2133 nom.
P. & O. Bank	224 buy.
East Asia Bank	231 nom.
Canton Insurance	2515 sel.
China Underwriters	111 nom.
North China Insurance	111 143 nom.
Union Insurance	2520 buy.
Yangtze Insurance	2515 sel.
China Fire Insurance	2300 buy.
Hongkong Fire Insurance	2320 nom.
Donghai	225 buy.
H.K. & M. Steamboats	224 nom.
Hongkong Tugs	111 nom.
Indo-China (Pref.)	330 nom.
Do. (Def.)	340 nom.
Shell Transports	285 buy.
Star Ferries	286 sel.
Waterboats	2153 nom.
China Sincere	236 nom.
Maison Sincere	236 nom.
Benguet	211 nom.
Kwai Ming Advertising	40 nom.
Langkate (combined)	112 23 buy.
Do. (single)	112 12 nom.
Shanghai Exports	112 5 sel.
Shanghai Loans	112 7 nom.
Banks	44 nom.
Tonghai Mines	79 buy.
Ural Caspians	37 nom.
H.K. & K. Wharves	115 sel.
M. & W. Docks	274 buy.
Hongkong	112 174 buy.
New Engineering	112 8 buy.
Shanghai Docks	112 111 buy.
H.K. & S. Hotels	110 sel.
Hongkong Land	203 ss.
Hongkong Realty (P.)	74 nom.
H.K. Territorials	35 sel.
Humphreys Estates	112 60 sel.
Prince's Buildings	230 sel.
Star Line	114 buy.
Two Cottons	112 9 35 nom.
Orientals	112 24 buy.
Shanghai Cottons (old)	112 53 buy.
Do. (new)	112 27 buy.
China Bases	112 104 nom.
Hongkong Tramways	224 1 dir. nom.
Peak Tram (old)	112 5 nom.
Do. (new)	112 60 nom.
Singapore Tractions	112 12 buy.
Taxis	83 sel.
Amusements	110 buy.
Canton Ice	274 nom.
Cementa (combined)	112 134 nom.
Do. (old)	112 114 nom.
Do. (new)	112 114 nom.
China Lights (combined)	112 114 nom.
Do. (old)	112 114 nom.
Do. (new)	112 114 buy.
China Providents (old)	35 30 nom.
Constructions	224 nom.
Dairy Farms	112 24 sel.
Der A. Wings	83 sel.
Hongkong Electric	233 sel.
Macao Electric	233 nom.
H.K. Hops (combined)	233 sel.
Do. (old)	210 sel.
Do. (new)	233 sel.
Lane Crawfords	29 nom.
Mackintoshes	112 114 nom.
Smokers	111 nom.
United Asbestos	220 nom.
Watsons (old)	2134 nom.
Wm. Fowells	233 nom.
buy—buyers; sel.—sellers; ss.—values.	nom.—nominal.

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in
British Columbia

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pictures with other pictures as an art in China, for they depend for their effect entirely upon the faithfulness with which they reproduce the appearance of line paintings. So far as I have seen no technique has been developed which may be considered characteristic of either the material or the method of working it, and since the technique of an art and the results of that technique must be distinctive to the art, the craft that borrows its effects cannot be given a high rank. But this is said more by way of caution than criticism, for these iron panels have a unique place among the decorative crafts and deserve interest and admiration accordingly.

[Benjamin March in the New Mandarin, the organ of the Yenching School of Oriental Studies, Peking.]

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\$60,900 FOR A ROMNEY.

A WORLD'S RECORD.

TENSE SALE ROOM SCENE.

Amid scenes of tense excitement Romney's famous portrait of Mrs. Davenport was sold on July 25th, at Christie's rooms, King Street, St. James's, S.W., for £60,900—the greatest price ever paid for any English picture sold by auction.

It was bought by Mr. Alexander Martin on behalf of Sir Joseph Duveen, the art dealer. The canvas is 20½ in. by 24½ in. and Romney's fee for painting it, it is stated, probably did not exceed £45 or £55. It was only obtained by Mr. Martin after a swift but relentless fight with Mr. Charles Carstairs, representing the American art-dealing firm of Knoedler's, who are probably Sir Joseph Duveen's most formidable rivals.

Sir Joseph Duveen, who is in France, informed the Paris correspondent of *The Daily Mail* that he has not acted as an agent but that his firm has bought the picture for itself. Whether or not it goes abroad depends upon to whom it is sold.

When the picture of the rather haughty beauty of the 18th century, with her ringlets of powdered hair tumbling beneath her wide white felt hat was placed on an easel by the rostrum, a great burst of hand-clapping broke from the crowd of men and women who completely filled the great room and who were even standing outside the doors.

Enthralled by Picture.

Murmurs of admiration and delight rose alike from pretty young girls with close cut hair and tight fitting hats, and from elderly grey-haired men. Frankly enthralled they feasted their bright eyes upon those calm dark ones of this woman at a more tranquil age, whose eyebrows were faintly raised as in mild protest at their enthusiasm.

Bidding began at about 5,000 guineas, and bids came quickly from several parts of the room. When the price had reached 12,000 guineas, however, only Mr. Martin, a quiet, middle-aged man, who stood just by the rostrum, and Mr. Carstairs, who stood in a corner of the room close by, continued to bid.

Finally, by jumps chiefly of 1,000 guineas, varied by an occasional jump of 2,000 guineas, the price rose.

In an atmosphere of hushed expectancy the voice of the auctioneer, Mr. Lance Hannen, chanted its regular refrain—"16,000 guineas, 17,000 guineas, 18,000 guineas."

Nobody else spoke. As he uttered each figure he turned first to one contestant and then the other, to receive from each a quiet but decisive nod.

As the swiftly ascending bids passed into 30,000 guineas the excitement became very intense. Only a few moments later, however, it has passed to 40,000 guineas.

Still neither of the two bidders showed any signs of irresolution. People at the back of the room stood on tiptoe straining to catch a glimpse of these two men who were calmly nodding at 45,000 guineas, 46,000 guineas, 47,000 guineas.

When 52,000 guineas had been bid many of the art experts present must have felt a sudden thrill, for they knew that the previous record price was passed, and that they were present at an occasion which was to be historic in the art world.

Still the voice of Mr. Hannen continued to chant in even tones the same tale—55,000 guineas, 56,000 guineas.

Refrain Broken.

Suddenly, when he reached 58,000 guineas, his refrain was broken. Mr. Carstairs had not nodded. A wave of emotion swept through the room. Every body looked towards the man in the corner. He gave a gesture to show that he was bidding no longer.

Looking towards him, Mr. Hannen said quietly, "59,000 guineas, 59,000 guineas," and then, bringing his hammer down on the rostrum, said decisively, "59,000 guineas—Martin."

Immediately the throng of spectators, whose nerves were now strained to a high pitch, broke into loud and sustained applause. Their fixed attention relaxed, they talked excitedly to each other, discussing the amazing price.

Mr. Martin then announced in a few words that he had bought the picture on behalf of Sir Joseph Duveen, and there was again a burst of applause.

Five Minutes' Bidding.

The actual bidding for the picture only took about 5 minutes in all, and a member of the firm, of long standing, told a *Daily Mail* reporter afterwards that he had never known a picture fetching a high price sold so rapidly.

It was an exceptionally quiet auction, too," he said.

The high price is especially remarkable as the picture is a comparatively small one.

Mr. Martin, who bought the picture, while not disclosing whether he was given any limit to which to go, said that Sir Joseph Duveen was very determined to buy it. Continuing, he remarked:

Oddly enough, the two previous record sales of pictures by auction have both been Romneys and both have been bought by Duveen's.

A portrait of Anne de la Pole was bought for £41,370 in 1913. This was a record price, but it was beaten in 1920, when £54,800 was given for a portrait of the Misses Beckford when children.

Wonderfully Preserved.

The portrait of Mrs. Davenport is wonderfully preserved and is, I should say, even better now than when it was first painted.

(Continued on next column.)

OUR FRIENDS IN THE FAR EAST.

JAPAN'S LOVE OF ENGLAND.

THE MOST PRO-BRITISH OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

[By HAROLD E. PALMER, Adviser to the Japanese Ministry of Education.]

"Japan is by far the most pro-British of all foreign countries," writes Mr. Harold E. Palmer in the *Daily Mail*. "That is the impression I have gained during four years spent in intimate contact with all classes of Japanese society in all parts of the Japanese Empire."

Quite recently a Japanese Minister, commenting upon the great strike, observed to me that in England only could such an event be marked by common sense, good humour, and reasonableness, and that in England only could freedom of speech be permitted without undesirable consequences.

The Japanese and British aristocracies have this in common—that they are reserved and shy and that they are incapable of boasting or of adopting the defensive attitude, for they have nothing to defend.

For exactly the same reason both the British and the Japanese are suspected and misunderstood; we are the two nations on earth who are too proud to explain. The modern Japanese samurai bases his conduct on his ideal—the English gentleman. He finds little or no discrepancy between the code of Bushido and that which characterises the Englishman. For the Japanese educated classes the term "Western Civilisation" is more or less synonymous with the term "British Culture."

The Japanese Press is sympathetic. With a broad outlook it discusses British internal and external difficulties as a friend who sees all sides with generous understanding.

The Press deplores the building of the Singapore base. "We have withdrawn our garrisons from China and from Russia," the Japanese say. "We have accepted the Washington agreement in letter and in spirit. Although we, like Great Britain, depend on our navy and distant bases, we are content to adopt a non-aggressive policy, contracting rather than expanding. We have been of humble service to England in the past—can you not trust us to be as friendly in the future?" In no other Press do we find such sympathetic cordiality.

The people are sympathetic. In remote villages and distant countryside the inn-keeper or farmer will respond to friendly advances. "From what country is honourable foreigners?" And at the reply "from England" the reaction is genuine and spontaneous. "I am glad you are from England; we know you are our friends."

English is the second language of Japan. When any language other than Japanese is felt to be needed, English is that language. All foreigners are assumed to know English; and the Frenchman, German, or Russian going to Japan learns English as a part of his necessary equipment. French is occasionally the second language of the medical world, but English is the foreign language, either in its American guise or, preferably, in its British form.

Speaking as an Anglo-Saxon (this term really means Anglo-American) I rejoice at this; speaking as the English adviser to the Ministry of Education, I may be permitted to gloat over the bias in favour of the British variety. But as a non-Nationalist I should have preferred to see an artificial non-national language of the 19th type (call it Reformed Esperanto) as the second language of Japan. For the same reason I am grieved and glad that the Japanese have adopted the artificial non-national metric system rather than the "natural" Anglo-Saxon system of weights and measures.

Although English is the second language of Japan, strangely enough the Japanese students, instead of learning English, learn merely how to pass a competitive examination in that weird sort of English which is unknown beyond the foreign classroom. He acquires a sort of expertness in handling subtleties of antiquated idiom; he is told—and believes—that this is the road to scholarship and Western culture. Hence the English teaching reform movement, which, incidentally, brought me to Japan.

Prince Chichibu, whom I was privileged to coach in spoken English before his stay in England, I consider to be a model to the Japanese student of English—a hard worker, conscientious, ready to study English as it is.

A generation ago the Japanese studied English in this spirit. The present generation has tended to study that sort of English which exists only in the vain imaginings of pedants. The rising generation is concerned with English as a means to Western culture in the true sense.

Save on two occasions when it has been exhibited to the public—the last being about 20 years ago—the portrait has hung on the walls of the house of Mrs. Davenport's family. It has been sold by a descendant, Sir William Bromley-Davenport, of Capethorne, Cheshire.

The picture, while privately owned, has been made familiar to the public, and famous, by engravings. It is of Charlotte, daughter of Mr. Ralph Sneyd, of Keele, Staffordshire. She was born in 1758, married in 1777 Mr. Davies Davenport of Capethorne, M.P., for Cheshire; and died in 1828.

A portrait by Romney of Lady Hamilton, the friend of Nelson, was bought at the same sale by Duveen Bros. for £13,850, while Reubens's portrait of Sir Duncan Campbell, Bart., was bought by Messrs. Knoedler for £5,460.

Hongkong Weekly Press.

THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS, PUBLISHED TO-DAY, CONTAINS THE FULL DETAILS OF THE ASTOUNDING RAID BY PIRATES ON THE LOCAL FISHING PARTY OFF LANTAU.

There are reports of other piracies and outrages from different quarters, all of which reflect the general state of disorder in South China.

Each issue of the WEEKLY gives a comprehensive view of the conditions prevailing in the Country. It is a paper, therefore, of particular interest to all engaged in Far Eastern trade.

To-day's issue also includes the full report of the meeting of the Hongkong Legislative Council. The discussion on the rainstorm damage and the scheme for a harbour survey will be of particular interest to old residents.

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LONDON'S TUBES.

ANOTHER FIVE MILES ADDED.

THE ESCALATOR HABIT.

With the opening of the extension of the City and South London Railway from Clapham Common to Morden this month, London's Underground Railway system will push another five and a half miles into open country and bring 300,000 more inhabitants of the outer belt of linked suburbs into close contact with the City.

This new stride forward again, emphasises the importance of our subterranean traffic ways in developing new residential areas, as well as in helping to solve the complicated puzzle of congestion on surface lines and roads, writes Sir Percival Phillips.

London can say with truth that her Underground Railway system is in some respects the best in the world. Foreign cities may boast of greater mileage, and of more trains in a given time, but for comfort and security, as well as speed, the service linking the City with her remote dependencies can easily claim first place.

The Popular Escalator.

Expansion under ground would have been greater by this time but for the disinclination of travellers to go below ground for short journeys. In this respect London is at a disadvantage compared with Paris and New York, where the "tubes" are shallow and quickly reached.

Escalators have helped to remove the obsession that surface journeys are preferable, even if they take longer. Underground railway experts who watch the "temperature charts" of crowded stations have found their bookings increased by leaps and bounds at points where the moving stairway has superseded the more cumbersome combination of lifts and winding tunnels for pedestrians. Escalators, therefore, appear to be the antidote for travellers who are "underground shy," as well as for the more distinct type known technically as the "short-distance man."

Five miles of the new line are below the surface. All six stations between Clapham Common (the present terminus) and Morden will be fitted with the latest type of escalators.

Garage for Travellers.

At Morden there will be an omnibus terminus enclosed in a forecourt of 14,700 square yards, where passengers can alight under cover. In addition to sheds for 250 Underground cars, a garage has been constructed with accommodation for 250 private motor-cars, motor-cycles and bicycles.

Much time will be saved by the new train service.

Another Underground extension which will materially increase the efficiency of the service is provided for by a Bill in Parliament which will probably be passed this month. It will enable the company to build a short link connecting the Piccadilly line with two disused lines of the Southern Railway at Hammersmith, thereby giving access to Hounslow, Harrow and Ealing. Four lines will be built between Turnham Green and Acton as part of this improvement scheme, the total cost of which will be about £1,500,000.

"If Londoners want still further improvements in the Underground system they must use it more," an official of the company said. "We suffer from the fickle passenger who only comes to us in wet weather, and at other times travels obstinately to the omnibus way of travelling. We hope that the new extensions which give rapid long distance service will tend to stabilise traffic, and lead to the realisation that the quickest and best way of getting about London is by Underground."

WHAT MR. COOK WON'T SEE.

NEWSPAPER COMMENT.

FANATICAL BITTERNESS.

"Mr. Cook, like the Bourbons of old, whom he so strikingly resembles with his fanatical bitterness and his insistence on his own supreme importance, has evidently learnt nothing and forgotten nothing as the result of recent events," comments the *Daily Mail*.

He has been told by fellow trade unionists that "it is not leadership to stand by while hundreds of thousands of men and their families starve on a slogan." His only answer is to denounce the "brutal methods" of the Government and the "colliery-owners" and to pretend that a "reign of terror" against the miners exists in Warwickshire. Such transparent nonsense was seldom talked.

If Mr. Cook wants to know what a true reign of terror is like let him go to his beloved Soviet Russia, where, as the *Statist* recently recorded, three Bolshevik "commissars" were shot a few weeks ago "for being found with foreign money."

"The real issue before the miners and the whole country is this—that the times are so hard and foreign competition so intense that we must all work harder. Lord Birkenhead stated the unmistakable truth when he said that since the war all the conditions of life have become more painful for all of us. We are living," he said, "in a country which in the future will not be a country either comfortable or self-supporting for idlers. It will be a country in which workers may find it difficult to obtain even a means of subsistence." It will be a country, in fact, where there will be no room for parasites, whatever their station in life.

"In the long run no industry can pay wages that are not earned. It is this truth which is overlooked by Mr. Cook. He knows that, if his own 'slogan' of 'not a penny off the pay nor a second on the day' were really accepted, half the mining industry would be bankrupt and half the miners would be left parasites, dependent on doles, unless they fled this country. What he wants is another huge subsidy at the taxpayer's expense. But as one of the members of the Co-operative Society which owns Shillbottle Colliery wrote the other day 'hundreds of thousands of us (who would have to pay taxes for the subsidy) earn lower wages and work longer hours than the miners do.'"

Mr. Cook himself two years ago admitted that he knew only too well "that the miners of Great Britain cannot retain their seven-hour day and their present conditions while the miners of European countries, and of India and Japan, work long hours for low wages." He has not the manliness to advise the course which is necessary and inevitable. Since he made that admission the working day in Italy has been lengthened from eight to nine hours for the main purpose of competing successfully with foreign countries (ourselves among them) in the world markets. The Italian people have accepted the sacrifice and recognised the hard facts, while Mr. Cook is still bellowing his "slogans" unabashed.

"What the miners have to contend with is not the colliery-owners or the Government, but the simple economic law that the worker cannot be paid more than he earns by his labour. If he produces little (and the British output per miner is now below that of the German miner and is 102 tons per man per annum below what it was a generation ago), then he cannot long be paid a high wage for the shortest working day in Europe. Neither colliery-owners nor Government can alter the economic law. The grant of doles or subsidies, like poulticing a cancer, can only make the disease in the end worse. There is only one cure—once certain and sovereign cure—for our ills, and that is to do our very utmost and work our very hardest, all classes from the highest to the lowest."

COMMENTS ON VICTORIES.

KUOMINTANG'S SINGLE COMMAND.

ALL POWER IN HANDS OF CHIANG KAI SHEK.

A PROTEST TO PEKING.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

Chinese Press comments lately have attributed the fall of Yochow in Hunan to the Kuomintang Army to the lack of a central command among the Northern troops and to the advantage which the Kuomintang possess through concentrating all power in the hands of General Chiang Kai Shek. It may be recalled that General Chiang did not issue his order from Changsha for a general attack on the Northern forces until August 18th, and on the 19th Pengkiang was reported taken and on the 21st, Yochow was captured.

OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE AND NEWSPAPERS.

The question of whether or not all Kuomintang 'communiqués', supplied by the propaganda bureau shall be printed is engaging the attention of party as well as non-party organs in Canton. Among the non-Kuomintang newspapers, some six which are now being allowed to resume publication, it has been decided to accept the Police order that no news concerning the Northern Expedition, other than that furnished by the Kuomintang shall be published but, at the same time, it is considered that a newspaper is not under any obligation to publish all the "copy" handed out by the Kuomintang propaganda bureau.

The *Min Pao*, of Swatow, was on August 18th suppressed by the local authorities and this action has been approved by the Kuomintang authorities in Canton. The *Min Pao* on August 17th reported that Nankow Pass in North China had been captured by allied troops.

The *Chung Hua Min Pao* of Hongkong, one of the few Hongkong Chinese daily newspapers permitted to circulate in Canton, had this special privilege taken from it several days ago, presumably because it published Shanghai and Peking news describing the failure of the Kuomintang Army in North China.

The *Seventy-two Commercial Guilds Journal* of Canton, which resumed publication but a few days ago, was also summoned in Canton for having reported the fall of Nankow. According to the stand taken by this journal, the movement of troops not directly under the Canton Kuomintang should not be considered as coming within the prohibition orders issued by the Police.

Since the reported fall of Nankow and the realization that the Kuomintang Army will never be able to reach Peking, Kuomintang paper money, as I reported yesterday, has still further depreciated. Minor local disturbances over the negotiation of bonds, which have no substantial backing, have become frequent.

The Kuomintang are now having a "party cleaning" campaign and all "undesirables" are being asked to resign their membership.

INVITED TO SUBSCRIBE.

The people of Chiao-mei (Swatow districts) are again being asked to come to the assistance of the Kuomintang, this time to subscribe \$1,000,000 to the second issue of war bonds, known officially as \$10,000,000 Whampoa Development Bonds. The people of Swatow are to subscribe \$155,000; Chiao-an, \$130,000; Chao-yang, \$130,000; Kityang, \$100,000; and others from \$85,000 to \$20,000.

Landlords in Kukkong, a North Kwangtung district, are having trouble with the Kuomintang farmers. The farmers are forming a league to pay only 70 per cent. of their normal rentals. The opinion of the landlords regarding this new move was not asked. The Kuomintang farmers wish to pay less rent but they are unwilling to surrender their tenancies.

PROTEST TO PEKING.

The Canton Kuomintang have decided to wire to the Peking authorities protesting against the recent arrest of more than 35 of their members as "Reds." Reports of arrests of Kuomintang members in Shanghai, Hangchow, Nanking, and other parts of China have also been received by the party headquarters in Canton.

CREDITORS AND DEBTORS.

FRIDAY MORNING AT THE SUMMARY COURT.

MONEYLENDING "SINGHS."

Every Friday morning is set aside at the Summary Court for moneylending cases. Occasionally there is a claim for rent or for services rendered. The Court is more crowded than on any other weekday for cases are always numerous.

The solicitor's table is crowded with European solicitors. In most cases they appear for plaintiffs. More often than not, the defendants absent themselves. Then often Mr. Justice Wood intimates that he will hear a case in Chambers on Saturday morning. Saturday morning must also be a busy time for his Lordship.

The cases in which solicitors are engaged are soon dealt with. Occasionally, when the defendants are Europeans the claim is disputed. In such cases the parties must attend on a specified afternoon next week.

THE LIMPETS.

The solicitors depart. Those who remain are too poor or too wise to burden themselves with legal fees. With the departure of the solicitors the moneylending "Singhs" take the field. They number about half a dozen. Turbanned, black-bearded, they sit in the front seat behind the dock. They were there last Friday morning, the Friday morning before; they are there, like limpets every Friday morning. Behind them again the seats are crowded with Chinese, men and women, the former in the majority.

Names are called. Mr. Singh takes his stand near the witness-box. A Chinese waddles up and looks askance at his Lordship. The Indian Fagin produces a document, dirty, creased, like an ancient Hongkong paper dollar. It is handed to his Lordship.

A CHINESE PLEA.

The defendant is asked if he admits the debt. He nods his head, and usually adds that although he borrowed a certain sum, he signed for double that amount. Furthermore he paid exorbitant interest. The Indian vigorously denies it. He only charged him 2 per cent. "You will pay \$10 a month," says his Lordship, addressing the defendant. "Can't you make it less?" pleads the debtor. "I have a family; I have other debts; my salary is small."

Sometimes there follows an agreement. Sometimes the instalments are lessened. On such occasions Mr. Singh looks very displeased. What a number of debtors the man has! He is certainly a busy shroff every pay day.

The cases of all the Singhs have been settled. They go out together. Out in the corridor they carry on a lively discussion amongst themselves.

A WOMAN'S GESTURE.

Even after the departure of the Indians there are many more cases. Plaintiffs and defendants are Chinese. More time than ordinarily is taken when the defendant is a woman. The Chinese woman is certainly the personification of loquacity. If it is a claim for rent, then the landlord has not given the correct debt. Most of it had been paid, but no receipts had been given. A similar defence is urged if it is a case of moneylending. Some of the debt had been paid. Oh no! she certainly cannot pay such and such a sum every month! Is she not a widow? Hasn't she children to support? Where is the money coming from?

His Lordship is very kind, very considerate. Very often he tempers justice with mercy. The case is settled after a deal of argument. It is very difficult to please a woman, and particularly when the question concerns money.

ESTABLISHED PARTICIPANTS.

And so they come and go—creditors and debtors. Slowly the Court empties. Twenty, thirty, forty, perhaps more cases have been dealt with, and as quickly almost as it takes one to get a telephone message through. It would seem so easy to blunder.

And thus it will go on. Next Friday morning again they will be there, different parties no doubt, excepting the "Singhs." They will come as sure as deacons go to their chapels. They will produce other receipts, dirty, creased, finger-marked receipts—the emblems of their moneylending profession.

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

FRENCH PASTRY SUE FOR RENT.

JUDGMENT RESERVED.

The case in which a Chinese landlord residing at 24, Cleverley Street, is suing M. Albert Guetant, of the French Pastry Store, 32, Queen's Road Central, for \$210, balance of rent due for the month of June in respect of No. 6, Kennedy Road, was continued before Mr. Justice Wood at the Summary Court yesterday. M. Guetant counter-claimed for a similar amount. He claimed that he had paid the sum for putting gas fixtures in the house.

Mr. L. D. Turner appeared for M. Guetant and Mr. W. B. Hind represented the landlord.

At the previous hearing, Mr. Hind's client and witnesses had given evidence.

At yesterday's hearing, M. Albert said that when he took the house over it had no gas fittings. He put in two gas stoves and five geyzers. The landlord had not reimbursed him for the money he had spent.

He further contended that when the landlord's shroff called he paid him the whole rent due. He then owed \$800, but as the bill for the installation of gas fittings amounted to \$210, he offered the shroff \$390, saying that he would retain \$210 to pay the Gas Company. The shroff would not agree to this procedure, and demanded the full amount. Witness then gave him a cheque for \$390 and paid the remainder \$210 in cash. He received the cash from his wife. Ten days later, he received a letter from the landlord's solicitors demanding \$210. He repudiated the claim, and he received no reply.

Witness's wife gave corroborative evidence.

His Lordship reserved judgment.

POSSESSION OF ARMS CASE.

THIRD DEFENDANT SENTENCED.

At the Kowloon Magistracy last week three men appeared before Mr. J. H. B. Nihil charged with the unlawful possession of one revolver loaded in four chambers, three daggers and other instruments at for an unlawful purpose.

The instruments comprised a girdle used by the average Chinese coolie and alleged by the Police to be fit for gagging victims, two torches which consisted of rattan twisted together, and three electric crackers, stated to be used for the purpose of alarming persons who were held up, as the revolver found on the person of the first defendant was defective.

The case was a sequel to the action of Sergt. Kennedy and Inspector Stimson, of Yaumati, who, acting on information that on the night of August 11th a robbery was planned by a band consisting of four Chinese, at Ngau Tau Kok, visited the place at 8 p.m. Three men were arrested in consequence and a fourth escaped. Shots were fired at the fugitive but his pursuers soon lost track of him in the dark.

When the case was before the Court last week, two of the defendants were sentenced to four years' hard labour, on the two charges.

THE THIRD DEFENDANT.

The third defendant then denied all knowledge of the weapons and pleaded that he was not acquainted with the other two defendants. He said that he was walking along the road, which at that time of the night was deserted, but for three men who were in front of him. He immediately quickened his steps and caught up to the men, as he wanted company along the road. He did not know them.

His Worship adjourned the case then until yesterday, as the third defendant said he wished to call a friend to give evidence on his behalf.

When the case was called yesterday afternoon it was found that the defendant had been unable to find his witness, and he was sentenced to four years' hard labour.

WEATHER REPORT.

Last night's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued from the Royal Observatory, stated:—

The northern depression is now over S.E. Manchuria, the southern depression is stationary over S.W. China.

Local forecast: S.W. winds, moderate, overcast occasional rain.

THEFT OF CABLE.

SOLD TO CHINESE MARINE DEALER.

MISCREANTS GAOLED.

Before Major C. Willson, at the Central Magistracy yesterday, two Chinese were charged with the theft of a telegraph cable in Albany Road nullah between the filter beds and May Road. The cable measured some 600 feet and was valued at \$400.

Det. Sergeant Flaherty said that when he caught the two defendants, they took the police to a marine dealer where a part of the missing cable (between 300 to 400 feet) was found, but only the lead covering. It was discovered that the defendants had sold the lead at the rate of 15 cents and three cash per catty, realising a total sum of about \$40.

Mr. C. W. Somers, of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company, remarked that it was hardly possible to offer for sale material of this kind to a marine dealer without arousing suspicion.

Questioned on this point, the dealer said he believed the defendants' statement that they bought the lead from another dealer in the street.

Defendants were sentenced to two months' hard labour. His Worship deferred his decision as regards the disposal of the material found.

THE "FUH TAI."

CHARTERED FOR JAVA TRADE.

The s.s. *Fuh Tai*, owned by Messrs. Willems & Co., of Bergen, Norway, Shanghai and Hongkong, and a well-known steamer on the China coast, has been chartered out for the Java-China trade. The charterers are Chinese.

The *Fuh Tai*, which is commanded by Captain Andreas Buhre, was originally built for Norwegian owners under the name of *Undine*, but was subsequently sold to other Norwegian owners, being then given the name of *Anna*. The vessel was finally sold to her present owners, and re-named the *Fuh Tai*. She has been sailed under the Chinese flag.

The *Fuh Tai* is a steamer of 2,600 tons deadweight, including bunkers, of which the latter contain about 205 tons. Her registered net tonnage is 974 tons, gross registered tonnage is 1,631 tons, and underdeck tonnage is 1,448 tons. She was built in 1903 by Swan & Hunter, Ltd., the well-known shipbuilders of Newcastle-on-Tyne. Her length is 285 ft., extreme breadth 37 ft. 1 in. and her depth of hold is 17 ft. 9 in. Her moulded depth is 20 ft. Her draft fully loaded is only 18 ft. 1 in. Her speed in fair weather is about 11 knots on a consumption of only about 18 tons of coal per 24 hours. She has twelve decks all over and four large cargo ports on each side. She also has four large cargo hold hatches, and is equipped with a donkey boiler. Her engines were built by the North Eastern Marine Engineering Co., Ltd., of Newcastle-on-Tyne, and are of the triple expansion type.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

THE WEEK-END PROGRAMMES.

At to-day's performances at the Queen's Theatre there will be screened for the last time "Soul Fire," an unusual, but nevertheless a very interesting and gripping, picture, starring Richard Barthelmess in the principal rôle as Eric Fane, a young American, whose aim in life is to express himself through the medium of music.

This picture opened at the "Queen's" on Thursday and has been well received. As stated, it is rather an unusual class of movie production, but it contains much that appeals, and is, moreover, a very faithful exposition of the life of a young artist who, abhorring the trash and discordant music of the gay rags and popular revue songs, goes through a veritable hell before he at length achieves his desire of producing great music in which he has expressed his whole soul. Apart from the story, the scenes in which it develops are laid in Italy, Paris and a Port Said gaming and dance hall, and finally on a South Seas Island, where the "great music" comes to Eric Fane during the tragedy of a night, but at the end of which he finds happiness and love away from the superficialities of civilization and in the simplicity of the primitive and his great music. Well worth seeing, one of to-day's showings of this picture should be attended.

In addition, Miss Gladys Garfield whose nightly contributions have been much appreciated during the last two weeks, is making her farewell appearance. She will sing "Valencia" and other songs.

TO-MORROW'S ATTRACTION.

At the Queen's Theatre to-morrow (Sunday) the principal feature on the new programme will be "Happiness," a picture combining Irish love and Irish wit in a charming romantic comedy. It stars Laurette Taylor, who is of "Peg O' My Heart" fame.

Commencing on Wednesday are the Denishawn Dancers, together with those popular artists Ruth St. Denis and Ted Shawn.

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NOTICE.

THE HONOURABLE MR. PERCY HOBSON HOLYOAK, DECEASED.

ALL Persons having Claims against the Estate of the above named Deceased are Requested to send Particulars to the Under-Signed.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1926.

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Solicitors for the Executors,
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[3693]

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The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, AUGUST 28TH, 1926.

THE HOSPITAL QUESTION.

THE site of the new War Memorial Hospital is finished. Now it remains for the road to be made to reach it. The position was selected by the committee after a great deal of careful exploration and thinking. The medical fraternity were consulted when the question of site was under consideration and gave their verdict in favour of the present scheme. It would seem, therefore, that the proper course would be to proceed with the construction of the building unless very good cause can be shown for not doing so.

There are, however, one or two points which might make a reconsideration of the project desirable, particularly as the boycott has necessarily called a halt to many schemes of expansion. If a stranger were to survey the present hospital accommodation he would be somewhat surprised at the liberal provision made for Europeans. Apart from the Naval and Military Hospitals for the fleet and the garrison, there are the following which are available:—The new Kowloon Hospital, The French Convent Hospital, The Italian Convent Hospital, The Victoria Hospital for women and children, The Peak Hospital, The Matilda Hospital and the Infectious Diseases Hospital. It would be interesting to have a return from each, showing the number of patients for the last five years and the cost of upkeep. We could judge from this information how great has been the pressure on their resources. Hospitals are like businesses—some are popular and attract a great number of "clients"; others, in spite of their fine equipment and general atmosphere of being up-to-date, rarely secure much "patronage." The question which needs

answering is whether the present accommodation as a whole has ever been utilised to anything like its full capacity. If not, there would appear to be no reason for multiplying white elephants. It would be much more practical to introduce legislation to increase the usefulness of the Matilda Hospital for example.

It was suggested in the first place that the new War Memorial Hospital would replace the Peak Hospital and the idea was to have a building, thoroughly equipped with all modern appliances, in which medical activities could be centralised. It would be, as it were, the headquarters of medical science in the Colony. If the Government Civil Hospital were not existing and Kowloon had been content with an accident ward such a centralised scheme would be a good one. Even now it may materialise. The site for such a hospital should be, however, not Wong Nei Chong Gap, but the present Peak Hospital site. It is the ideal situation. It occupies a very quiet and cool position and commands a most pleasing view and, now we have the motor road, it is easily accessible. It would not be impossible to acquire more land and to erect on this site a hospital of considerable dimensions which would replace the three already mentioned and in which all the Colony's medical resources might be concentrated—a condition which would afford opportunities for specialist treatment in the various departments.

At any rate it would seem that the best course at the moment is to delay construction of the new War Memorial Hospital until such time as the needs of the Colony are more clamant. When additional accommodation is found to be necessary this other plan could be considered, and it would then probably be regarded as advantageous to replace the present European section of the Government Civil Hospital and the Peak Hospital by constructing an up-to-date building on the site of the latter.

Mr. D. Eakman has reported to the police the theft of an Omega watch, valued at \$20, from his room in Empire Lodge.

The total haul from the Chinese vessel *Hainan*, which was pirated between Makong and Fukwokong on Tuesday last amounted to over \$10,000.

Mr. Geo. W. Grey, F.S.I., Architect to the Hongkong Realty and Trust Co., Ltd., has been elected a Member of The Royal Sanitary Institute.

There will be an innovation at Messrs. Lane, Crawford's Restaurant to-night when a special dinner has been arranged, at which chamber music will be provided by the orchestra.

The Hongkong Radio Society broadcasted another programme of Victor gramophone records, lent by Messrs. Moutrie & Co., between seven and eight o'clock last evening.

Mr. Lee of No. 8, Robinson Road, has reported to the police that he left a richly embroidered bed spread in a taxi, whilst travelling between the Sun Company and Central Market.

Among the passengers arriving here from Manila by the s.s. *President Cleveland* yesterday morning were:—Mr. and Mrs. George Eugene Lamb, Mr. Edwin A. Payne, Mr. Edward W. Payne, Master B. W. Payne, Mr. Ernest Smith and Mr. James W. Wilson.

The engagement of Mr. William W. L. Ma, of No. 3, Kennedy Road, to Miss Ruby Jackson, of Nam Koo Terrace, Wanchai, is announced. Mr. Ma, who has been in charge of the London office of the Sincere Co., Ltd., returned to Hongkong only recently.

A small boy was knocked down in Nathan Road, near Market Street, by a motor cycle driven by Mr. Morgan, of the Public Works Department. The accident, which occurred at 8.15 last night, resulted in serious injuries being received by the boy and in his subsequent removal to hospital.

Mr. H. R. Major has reported to the police that between 11 a.m. and 2 p.m. on the 28th inst., motor tools were stolen from his motor cycle when it was left in the Union Insurance godown.

In swerving to avoid running into a ricksha, a motor-car collided with a car driven by Mr. J. W. Hunter at Queen's Road West on Thursday. The other car drove off immediately. It is stated that damage was caused to the mudguard of Mr. Hunter's car.

By tampering with the bolt of the back door, a thief was enabled to enter a shop at No. 60, Bridges Street, one night recently. He stole various articles of jewellery, valued at \$80. The intruder also turned his attention to the counter, from which he took a sum of \$150.

The Hon. Secretary of the Peak Branch of the Ministering Children's League informs us that the proceeds of the Bridge Drive held recently at the Peak Club, including the Raffle for a Tea Cloth, amounted to \$582. The number of the winning ticket in the raffle was 81.

The Chinese arrested on a charge of bag-snatching, at Aberdeen, was remanded at the Central Magistracy yesterday. Det. Sub-Inspector Lane said that by the help of defendant the police hoped to trace the man was responsible for the cases of snatching from Europe ladies in Bowen Road earlier in the week.

As a sequel to the loss of property from a motor car, while Messrs. Fremoulet and Poquet were out bathing at Ting Kau on Wednesday, all of which, with the exception of a motor licence, had since been recovered, the arrest of an unemployed Chinese, alleged to be the thief. The man will appear before the District Officer, South.

The death occurred at the French Hospital, Causeway Bay, yesterday of Mr. Walter Henry Wilde Loureiro, aged 56 years, the eldest son of the late Mr. Pedro Loureiro and of Mrs. Jessie Wilde Loureiro, of Lisbon. The deceased was an engineer, prior to his illness, on one of the local steamers. The funeral took place at Happy Valley Cemetery last evening.

So far no news has been received of the steam launch *Wing Shing* or her crew, which have been missing since the pirate raid on the fishing party at Sung Shing Bay, off Lantau, last Saturday. Police vigilance has not been relaxed, and launches were sent out again yesterday morning in an endeavour to find some trace of her whereabouts, but the general opinion now is that the *Wing Shing* will not be recovered unless voluntarily released by the pirate gang.

At the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday afternoon, before Mr. J. H. B. Nihill, the case was concluded, in which four men were charged with being concerned in committing an armed robbery at No. 104, Woosung Street, Yau-mat, the residence of a Chinese merchant, his wife and daughter, whom the defendants were alleged to have robbed of money, jewellery and other valuables to a total of \$1,600. The men, it will be remembered, were arrested in Macao, and on them a quantity of the stolen jewellery was found. At the conclusion of yesterday's hearing three of the men were committed for trial at the Criminal Sessions on a charge of armed robbery, but the fourth man was discharged, there being no evidence against him, beyond the fact that he was arrested in company with the other three defendants. This man had none of the stolen articles in his possession when arrested.

FAR EASTERN PORTS.

WEEKLY HEALTH BULLETIN.

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The Principal Civil Medical Officer of Hongkong receives each week from the League of Nations' Eastern Health Bureau information concerning the incidence of dangerous contagious and infectious diseases in Far Eastern Ports. The Bulletin for the week ending August 21st is as follows:

	PLAGUE	1 case
Bombay	1 case	
Rangoon	1 case	
Shanghai	141 cases	
Amoy	11 "	
	SMALL-POX	4 cases
Bangkok	1 case	
Bombay	1 case	
Karachi	1 "	
Madras	3 "	
Rangoon	1 "	
Vladivostok	1 "	

OBITUARY.

THE REV. FATHER HENRI SOVEY.

15 YEARS IN HONGKONG.

News was received yesterday from Auch, in the South of France, of the death of the Rev. Father Henri Sovey, formerly Procurator of the Missions Etrangères in Shanghai, and for 16 years serving in the Mission in Hongkong.

Deceased who was born in France in 1855, underwent his preliminary theological studies in Paris, and completed them at the General College of the Mission in Penang, where he remained for two years. He passed all his examinations whilst still too young to take Holy Orders. He came to Hongkong on July 10th, 1897, and was the first priest to be ordained by the late Bishop Pozzoni, the ceremony taking place at Nazareth in November of that year. After his ordination, he remained with the French Mission in Hongkong as assistant to the Rev. Father Robert until 1923, when he was transferred to Shanghai. Last year he was made Procurator of the Mission there. Twice during the absence of Father Robert he acted as head of the Mission here, and in that capacity was director of several local companies.

During his stay in the East, the deceased proved himself a hard-working priest. There is no doubt that the energy he put into his work undermined his health, for when he passed through Hongkong in February of this year on his way to France he was in very poor health and he never recovered from his sickness. He had hoped to return to Shanghai in October of this year.

AN APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

ALICE MEMORIAL AND AFFILIATED HOSPITALS.

WORK ON BEHALF OF POOR CHINESE.

These Hospitals are one of the principal examples of joint friendly effort of Chinese and non-Chinese to meet the need of the poor sick. The work as it is to-day is the growth of such effort begun over forty-five years ago.

Dr. W. Young, a local practitioner, in co-operation with certain Chinese and non-Chinese friends, began a dispensary in Tsi Ping Shan and the Western District where there were many Chinese poor.

The work was so successful that in 1887 a leading Chinese gentleman Dr. (afterwards Sir Kai) Ho Kai decided to build a Hospital in memory of his late wife Alice, and the Alice Memorial Hospital was built. This Hospital was at first used for the treatment of men, women and children, as in-patients as well as a dispensary for out-patients.

Dr. Young not only did what he could for the poor during his lifetime but left a substantial fund in his will for the purpose of carrying on this work.

A large part of the annual income is derived from this Young Bequest. Another gift to the Hospitals was made by Mr. Beilios who made this gift towards the medicine fund.

Several Parsee gentlemen and others have from time to time given certain sums for the purpose of leaving a memorial for themselves for the benefit of the poor.

It is the hope of the Hospital Committee that the generosity of such friends may be more freely copied, as such funds help very materially towards avoiding anxiety in times of special stress.

The Hospitals have been very badly affected by the adverse circumstances of last year, and special efforts are now being made to endeavour to right the financial balance. This work cannot be carried on without adequate funds, and such funds are carefully utilised by the Hospital Committee and staff.

"RED" VICTORY.

COLLAPSE OF AN ALLIED BRIGADE.

CAPTURED EN BLOC.

ALLIES BEING STRONGLY REINFORCED.

HANKOW, August 23rd.
(Delayed by Censor.)

Following the collapse of the Wu Pei Fu-ite brigade in the Pingkiang sector, the Southerners pushed home their attack and broke the Allied line, rendering the centre untenable. Hence the Allies withdrew and the "Reds," advancing all along the line, captured Yochow and other cities. The Hupeh Brigade, which covered its retirement, was captured en bloc. This with other prisoners brings the "Red" captures to a formidable number.

HANKOW, August 24th.

The Allies are taking rapid counter-measures to stem the "Red" advance, and reinforcements from all sides are rushing to Hunan, altogether totalling 150,000.

The arrival of Wu Pei Fu in Hankow has restored greater confidence within military circles.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TSINGTAU TAXES.

TOBACCO ALSO INCLUDED.

TSINGTAU, August 26th.

American firms are not affected by the liquor tax, as they have no such imports. The American Consul, however, has notified the Minister of the action of the Chinese authorities.

The new taxation scheme also applies to tobacco, there being a transit tax through Tsingtau of 95 cents per picul. Consequently, the British American and Nanyang Bros. Tobacco Companies are moving no tobacco from their plantations to Central Shantung.

HEALTH INSURANCE.

POSITION OF SOLDIERS ON DISCHARGE.

An Army Order states that a soldier who during his service is a member of the Navy, Army, and Air Force Insurance Fund should, on discharge from the Army, take steps to join an approved society. But if, owing to the state of his health, he cannot obtain admission to an approved society, he may, if he makes application within the prescribed period after his discharge (normally six months), be readmitted to the Navy, Army, and Air Force Fund.

It has also been decided that a soldier already readmitted and a soldier readmitted in future to the Navy, Army, and Air Force Insurance Fund after discharge shall, in addition to the normal benefits, become entitled to receive additional benefits, and that for this purpose he will be treated as if he had been a member of the fund from the date of his enlistment. The additional benefits will be liable to variation according to the financial position of the fund, but initially they will comprise 3s. a week addition to the normal sickness benefit, 1s. 6d. a week addition to the normal disablement benefit, 6s. addition to the normal maternity benefit, dental treatment, and ophthalmic treatment.

It has further been decided that a soldier, who during his service or within the prescribed period after discharge has become or in future becomes a member of an approved society, shall be treated for the purpose of additional benefits as if he had been a member of the approved society from the date of his enlistment.

THE HON. DR. KOCH.

You've made your "debut," now carry on Doc! Show that you know you're the "Hon'ble" Koch. Ply them with questions, on details insist, Stick to it, persevere, plod and persist. You have rhetoric, when judged by the Press, May your harangues have the same forcefulness When you're inspired in that awed Council Room— "A soul seeking light in the Valley of Gloom." Many a man, when he rises to speak, Finds that his knees have gone suddenly weak, Hands as if palsied, a stuttering tongue, Blushing and rufous, with nerves quite unstrung. But you've the knowledge, the learning of years— Covering contents of all pharmacopoeias, Which will allow, if you need, to prescribe Cures for yourself for a wobbly inside. Stand to it Doctor, although there's no fear, You are the "chosen" of Hongkong's J.P.s. O.E.

THE "SANDVIKEN."

ANOTHER STORY OF THE PIRACY.

THE CAPTAIN INTERVIEWED AT SHANGHAI.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, August 26th.

The Shanghai Evening News states that a gang of thirty-eight pirates, disguised as passengers, looted the Norwegian steamer *Sandviken* of money, jewellery, and clothes amounting to \$20,000 near Hongkong on August 21st.

The captain, interviewed on his arrival in Shanghai, states that, after leaving Hongkong he suspected that some of the Chinese passengers carried arms, so commenced a search, when the arms were found. He, however, was seized and with his officers as well as the crew, was herded on the deck under cover of guns. The wireless operator was injured though not seriously and the wireless apparatus destroyed with an axe. After looting the ship, the pirates forced the captain to steer to Bias Bay, the notorious pirate refuge near Hongkong, where the pirates went ashore with the loot. The *Sandviken* is one of the best-known coasting steamers plying between Shanghai, Canton and elsewhere on the China Coast.

[A much fuller account of this piracy appeared in yesterday's *Daily Press*.]

GERMANY AND THE LEAGUE.

NO FEAR OF SERIOUS OPPOSITION.

BERLIN, August 26th.

The Reichstag's Foreign Affairs Committee has received Herr Stresemann's report on the foreign political situation. It is learned that the foreign Minister is on the whole confident that the difficulties of Germany's entrance into the League would eventually be removed. He does not expect any serious opposition by Spain which he considers is fully occupied with the Tangier problem, in which Germany is not interested.

Herr Stresemann pointed out that Lord Cecil's plan was still taken as a basis of negotiations.

The Committee, which approved of the Government's attitude, finally rejected a Communist motion demanding the withdrawal of Germany's application to enter the League.

A POSSIBLE SOLUTION.

According to *Le Journal* the result of recent conversations between Sir Cecil Hurst, M. Fromageot and Dr. Gaus, the legal experts of the British, French and German Foreign Offices, as a possible solution to the question before the League Council, it is proposed that elections to non-permanent seats will be final and the Assembly will not be entitled to revoke them until the three years' term has expired. It is also suggested that non-permanent members be given a guarantee of re-election, thus practically extending the mandate to six years.

SPAIN AND TANGIER.

AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

MADRID, August 26th.

Spain's attitude towards Tangier is officially stated to be concerned with three aspects—territorial, maritime, and local.

As regards the first, Spain could not complete "the civilising mission of an international character" begun in North Africa while Tangier remains a refuge for rebels and the open door for a band of war. As regards the second, the collective interest of all Powers is to ensure the neutrality of the Straits.

As regards the third, the international regime has been demonstrated as lacking durability.

The statement draws attention to "the natural connection between the Tangier problem and the question of Spain's position at Geneva." It urges the nations concerned to examine the situation.

TERRIBLE FERRY DISASTER.

ONLY SIX OUT OF 100 PASSENGERS SURVIVE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NOAKHALIS, Bengal, August 26th.

A terrible disaster has occurred to a ferry boat on the river Megna. The vessel capsized, broke in half, and out of a hundred Indian passengers, only six, so far, are reported to have survived.

TURKISH PLOT TRIAL.

DEATH SENTENCES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 26th.

The second important trial arising from the alleged plot against the life of Mustafa Kemal, has ended at Ankara, where a number of ex-members of the committee of the Union of Progress were charged with instigating the conspiracy.

The Public Prosecutor read a lengthy document reviewing the Committee's history and ascribing to its moral effect the fatal consequences of Turkey's participation in the Great War. The Prosecutor demanded that four of the accused men be sentenced to death, seven banished and the remainder acquitted.

The ex-Finance Minister Djavid Bey, Nazim Bey, Nail Bey and Hilmi Bey were sentenced to death and will be executed in a week's time.

SPEEDY WORK.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 26th.

Four of the death sentences mentioned were executed at midnight in the prison-yard at Ankara. Five other members of the Committee of Union and Progress, including Refou Bey and Rahmi Bey, were sentenced to perpetual banishment. All the others were acquitted.

THE GREEK CRISIS.

NEW CABINET.

ATHENS, August 26th.

In accordance with the decision of the party leaders to form a Cabinet of Service, consisting of civilians headed by M. Kondylis, as Head of the National Democratic Party, M. Kondylis has formed a Cabinet with himself as Minister of War and Marine, Professor Petmezas as Minister of the Interior and Justice, M. Argyropoulos (ex-Minister at Athens) as Minister of Foreign Affairs, Professor Triandafilopoulos, as Minister of Communications, M. Papas, who is a distinguished surgeon, as Minister of Public Instruction, M. Drosopoulous (co-Governor of the National Bank of Greece) as Minister of Finance, and M. Nakos (who is a lawyer), as Minister of Agriculture.

MOTOR DISASTER.

FAMOUS BRITISH DRIVER KILLED.

BOULOGNE, August 26th.

The motor car race meeting has opened disastrously. The famous Brooklands rider, Captain Howey, during a hill test failed to take the second bend and his car dashed among the spectators, killed one, broke a gendarme's leg, and cut off the leg of an onlooker. Captain Howey was killed instantly. The injured people were taken to hospital.

SECURITY PACTS.

LATVIA, ESTHONIA AND THE SOVIET.

Moscow, August 26th.

The Foreign Commissariat has published a Memorandum to the effect that the Latvian and Esthonian Government have declared their willingness to negotiate directly with the Soviet for a Security Pact. The Soviet Government has instructed its representatives at Riga and Revel to start negotiations immediately.

COAL DISPUTE.

THE RESUMPTION OF NEGOTIATIONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, August 26th.

The coal negotiations have resumed, this afternoon meeting Mr. Churchill, Sir Arthur Steel Maitland and Col. Lane Fox at No. 10, Downing Street.

A delegation of fourteen, comprising two members of the Miners' Federation, Mrs. A. J. Cook, several District Agents and miners wives, are going to Russia to-morrow on the invitation of Russian miners, who will cover the expenses of the visit, which is expected to last one month.

SECRECY.

The utmost secrecy is being maintained regarding the coal discussions which took place at Downing Street and which lasted for ninety minutes, but it appears that no immediate good results are likely and no further meeting was arranged.

A full report of the meeting was prepared most quickly and sent by special Courier to Mr. Baldwin, at Aix-les-Bains.

A miners' delegation is visiting Russia for the purposes of collecting funds.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

OFFICIAL ACCOUNT.

RUGBY, August 26th.

The meeting between the miners' officials and the Government, arranged at the request of the Secretary of the Miners' Federation, with a view to discussing the coal situation and reviewing the prospects of settling the dispute by negotiation, lasted for over hour and half. At the close, a statement was issued as follows:—"A meeting took place at Downing Street to-day between the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Minister of Labour and the Secretary of Mines, on behalf of the Government, and four officials representing the Miners' Federation. The full position was reviewed, and a verbatim report will be issued to the Press to-morrow."

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

GUN-RUNNING.

AEROPLANE BOMBS STEAMER.

AN EXCITING FIGHT.

NEW YORK, August 26th.

A battle between a Government bombing aeroplane and a gun-running vessel endeavouring to land arms for the revolutionary forces is described from Mangua.

Two former American aviators, now employed in the Nicaraguan Constabulary, located the vessel off Corinto and, dropping to a low altitude, discharged a shower of bombs. The vessel went out to sea, the crew machine-gunning the aeroplane which pursued the vessel till the bombs ran out. The same night the aeroplane replenished and returned and dropped more bombs, but darkness ended the fight.

RIVER BOATS SUNK.

HURRICANE AT NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, August 26th.

In a hurricane which blew here last night, several river boats were sunk.

Four fatalities have occurred in the storm in Louisiana, and damage of over a million dollars, mostly to rice, sugar cane, cotton and corn crops, while houses have been swept away, roofs blown off and telegraph and telephone poles splintered.

MINERS ENTOMBED.

U.S. DISASTER.

NEW YORK, August 26th.

A message from Johns Town, Pennsylvania, states that forty miners are entombed at Olymer. Two bodies have been recovered.

THE "HINDENBURG" RE-FLOODED.

GALE IN SCAPA FLOW.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, August 26th.

As the result of a severe gale which swept over the Orkneys, the ex-German battle-cruiser *Hindenburg*, which is being raised in Scapa Flow, has been re-flooded.

An ex-German destroyer, which is being used as a breakwater for the *Hindenburg*, damaged the floating dock which is now under repair. One of the large patches on the *Hindenburg* also gave way and some smaller patches also require attention before further progress with the pumping can be resumed.

The *Times* says that proper salvage operations will not be re-started until next week.

BRITISH INFANT MORTALITY STATISTICS.

BIG IMPROVEMENT.

RUGBY, August 26th.

The annual report of the Ministry of Health records that the rate of infant mortality per 1,000 births last year was 75, which is the same as the figure for 1924.

Commenting upon the big improvement which has taken place during the last thirty years, the report states that the effect of this improvement can perhaps best be seen by applying the mortality rates of thirty years ago to the figures for the past year. In 1925, the actual number of deaths of infants under one year of age was 53,000 whereas if the average infant mortality rate of 1891-1900 had been maintained the number would have been 103,780.

COBHAM'S FLIGHT.

PLANS FOR RETURN JOURNEY.

RUGBY, August 26th.

On his return flight from Melbourne to London, Mr. Alan Cobham will discard the land under-carriage of his aeroplane at Port Darwin, which he expects to reach, on September 2nd. He will have the advantage of low tides there, to refloat for re-converting the machine into a seaplane. From Port Darwin homewards, as on the outward journey, he will alight on water at each stopping place.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

ELECTRIC TRAIN SAFETY SERVICE FAILS.

LONDON, August 26th.

A dramatic midnight accident occurred just outside Newcastle Central Station. An electric train was returning from the coast laden with trippers and, after it had been out of control and unmanned for a couple of miles, the train dashed through Manors North Station, where it should have stopped, at 40 miles an hour, and collided with a glancing blow with a goods train which had begun to cross in front on the electrified line.

The driver's section was practically teleported. The wonder is that the train did not topple over the viaduct on to the street 85 feet below.

SEARCH FOR DRIVER.

A diligent search was made for the driver, who, it was thought, had shot on to the roofs of the houses below, but the body eventually was found near a railway bridge two miles away.

The circumstances suggest that he was leaning out of the window, when his head came into contact with the bridge and he was instantly killed.

The safety device in the driving mechanism, consisting of a knob which drivers have to keep depressed in order to keep the train in motion, failed to function.

The passengers were shaken but only five required temporary admission into the infirmary.

THE CADDIE WHO KNEW.

LANGUAGE WHEN A GOLFER MISSES!

When a former caddie, aged 16, was fined 10s. at Kendal for using obscene language while playing golf on a public ground adjoining Kendal golf links, he said to the bench:

"Golfers should get an example. You should hear them when they miss a ball. You would know if you had been a caddie, but there is nothing said about that."

The Chief Constable said no doubt golfers could use to the occasion when required, but when, as in this case, obscene language was shouted about the place on a Sunday afternoon it was very unpleasant for men who were in the company of ladies on the golf links and on the public ground where the defendant was playing.

The bench joined in the merriment of the crowded court.

Two Questions.

1.—Do you Want \$200?

2.—Can you Select the Hongkong Interport Cricket team?

IN VIEW OF THE MANY DISCUSSIONS AND ARGUMENTS WHICH INVARIABLY CENTRE ROUND THE SELECTION OF AN INTERPORT ELEVEN WE HAVE DECIDED TO HOLD A NOVEL COMPETITION. WE ASK OUR READERS TO CHOOSE THE PLAYERS WHO THEY THINK WILL REPRESENT HONGKONG IN THE MATCH AGAINST SHANGHAI ON NOVEMBER 11TH (or on whatever date the game may be played).

Most people will be able to make a fairly close approximation to the team by the first week in November. We, therefore, propose to put a premium upon our readers' judgment and foresight by dividing the Competition into three parts.

That is to say, the first lists of selections—we will call them SERIES A—must reach the *Hongkong Daily Press* on or before September 15th.

The second lists—SERIES B—on or before October 7th.

The final lists—SERIES C—on or before November 1st.

(Readers should note that it is up to them to get their lists to The *Hongkong Daily Press* Office, and no claims for postal or other delay will be considered by the Editor.)

To avoid the risk of judgment being swamped by numerical profusion each competitor is limited to 20 lists in each series—60 lists in all.

Selection becomes easier as time goes on and, therefore

For each correct name submitted on each list in Series A, two points will be credited to the competitor.

For each correct name in Series B, 11 points.

For each correct name in Series C, one point.

Thus while the competitor who starts early has the best chance, the one who starts later is by no means out of the running if he is skilful in selection and assiduous in collecting his twenty coupons.

SYSTEM OF SCORING.

To illustrate the system of scoring, to obtain full points a competitor would have to choose the correct team from the start and give this correct team in the full twenty lists of each series.

SERIES A:	20	X	22	=	440	points
SERIES B:	20	X	16½	=	330	"
SERIES C:	20	X	11	=	220	"
Total Possible...						990

PROBABILITIES.

The Judge is a gentleman who has been associated with Hongkong Cricket for many years. He informs us that he expects the winning total will be between three and four hundred, and points out that, while ties would involve dividing the prizes, as ½ a mark would make the difference, a tie under the system of scoring devised is very unlikely.

Prizes.

First Prize	\$200
Second Prize	50
Third Prize	25

In the very unlikely event of a tie these prizes will be divided.

Rules.

Lists must strictly conform to the following rules:

Each must have a special coupon attached and be signed with a *non-de-plume*. Initials of the selected players must be given. Where more than one player may bear the same name, full and correct initials only will score points.

The competitor's name must not be written on the selected list, but must be sent separately in the same envelope with that list. Envelopes should be marked "Cricket Competition." The names and addresses will be retained by the Editor. The lists only will be handed to the Judge.

The Judge, therefore, will be aware of the *non-de-plume* only of each of the competitors. (More obvious ones "Wicket," "Willow," "Stumped," etc., should be avoided to save duplication. Moreover, it is hereby notified that any one using the name R. Abbit will be promptly disqualified. It is already dedicated.)

Coupons.

Coupons, of which we print a sample below, will be published on the following dates only:—

In each issue between September 1st and 14th for Series A.

September 22nd and October 6th for Series B.

October 15th and 30th for Series C.

Lists need not contain the full eleven names, but any list containing more than eleven will be destroyed and no credit will be given for it.

The eleven names upon which the marking will be given are those of the eleven gentlemen who actually play in the match. The Judge, the Official Selection Committee, and any one on the staff of the *Hongkong Daily Press* are excluded from the Competition. In any case of doubt or argument the Editor's decision is final.

Sample Coupon

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS Cricket Competition

Series _____

As will be seen from the particulars given, the competition will open on September 1st. When a list is completed all that remains to be done is to attach a coupon to it and send it in. The coupons for Series A will, as stated, appear in each issue of the *Daily Press* from September 1st to 14th. Twenty lists is the maximum that will be considered in any one series. While coupons may be taken from the paper of any date it would be advisable not to leave the collection of coupons until the last day. It might be found impossible to secure the full number required.

(There will be no need to re-write a list if it is desired to stand or fall by the names originally chosen. One list, accompanied by twenty coupons will be judged as twenty lists, and points given accordingly.)

Any readers to whom the rules are not clear are invited to write and ask for an explanation on any doubtful point.



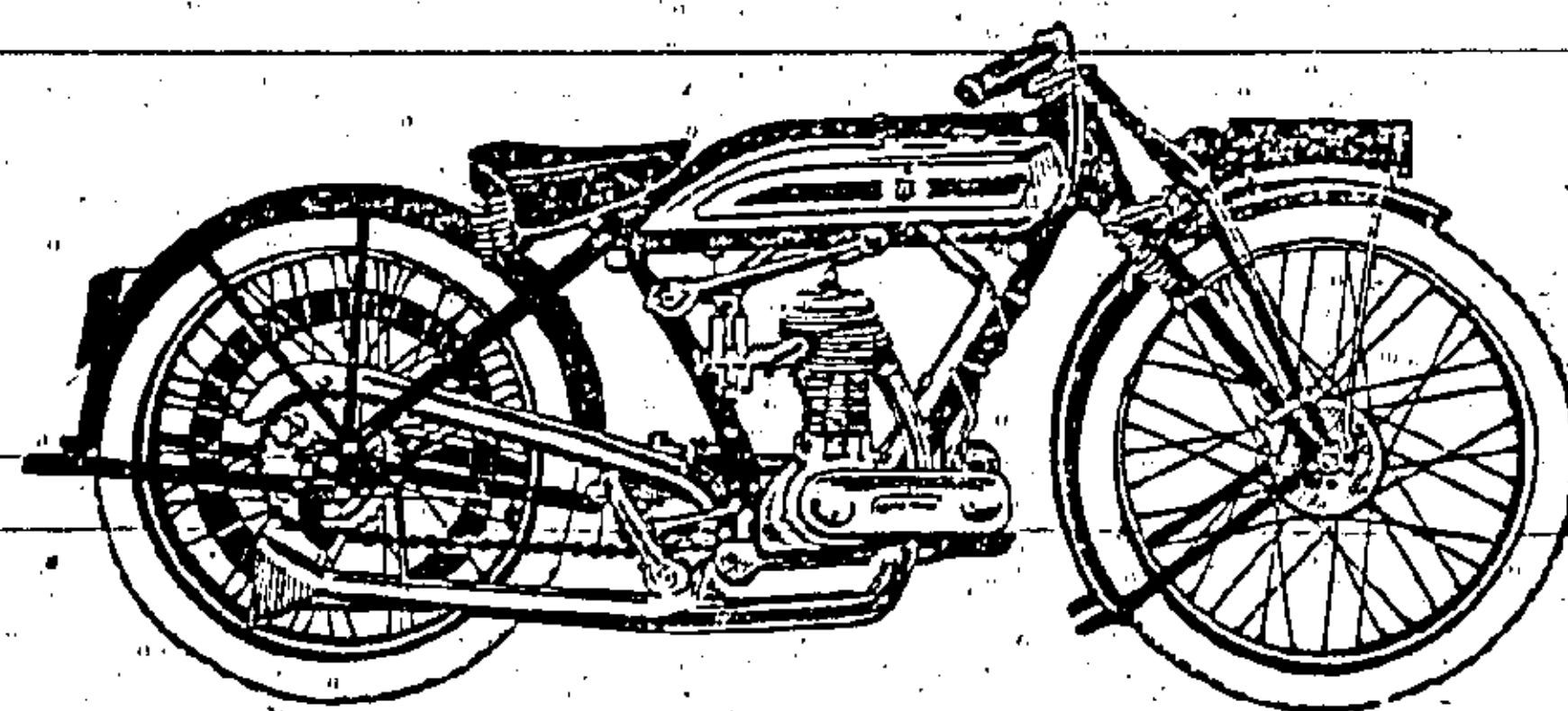
When you're thinking things 'ain't what they was:
—What a rotten time everyone has,
All the work that one loathes
—No money—No clothes,
Fill the kettle and turn on the GAS.

Full particulars of Gas Fittings for every purpose can be obtained at the

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HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS Co., Ltd.
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MOTORCYCLE HAS ARRIVED.



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NATURAL MINERAL WATER
FRENCH GOVERNMENT'S Springs

VICHY CELESTINS

In bottles, half and splits

Gout, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Gravel, Arthritis

VICHY GRANDE-GRILLE For Liver trouble
VICHY HOPITAL For Indigestion.

Refuse substitutes. — Mention name of Spring required.

WITHOUT PURE BLOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE.
VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor are its marvellous properties likely ever to be equalled in diseases arising from impure blood. It searches out and expels from the vital currents every lurking trace of poisonous matter, curing blood and skin diseases, scrofulous and glandular swellings, bad legs, abscesses, ulcers, eczema, gout, rheumatism, goitre or Derbyshire Neck, etc. It improves the general health and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

LIFE WITHOUT HEALTH IS LIVING DEATH.
VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.
For Nervous Breakdowns & Chronic Weakness.

VETARZO REGULATORS. Safe and Reliable.
English Price 3s. (either remedy). The VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, N.W.5, London, Eng. Unprincipled Dealers may try to sell you something else for a few pence—do not accept it. Insist on having VETARZO. The genuine has words VETARZO REMEDIES on Government Stamp. Sold by LEADING CHAIN CHEMISTS.

HONGKONG RUGBY.

MEETING OF THE NEW CLUB.

PROSPECTS OF WEEKLY MATCHES
"AT KING'S PARK."

OFFICERS AND COMMITTEE ELECTED.

The second meeting of the newly formed Hongkong Rugby Football Club (which was conducted last year as the Rugby Section of the Hongkong Football Club) was held in the Board Room of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., last evening, Mr. G. G. N. Timson presiding over a very good attendance of members. The election of officers was the principal business of the meeting. A general feeling of optimism prevailed, pointing to the Club being a success and to the prospect of arranging a rugby match for every Saturday at the new ground at King's Park, especially in view of the fact that the King's Own Scottish Borderers, who possess a strong rugby team, are shortly due in Hongkong.

The season will commence in October, and during the preceding weeks playing members are expected to get into training in order to be fit for the opening match.

AN EXPLANATION.

The CHAIRMAN explained that this was the second meeting of the new Club. The rules governing it were roughly the same as those of the Hongkong Football Club. The officers of the Club would be a President, Vice-Presidents, Chairman, Captain, Hon. Secretary and Hon. Treasurer. The President and Vice-Presidents would be co-opted by the Committee and would not be subject to retirement at the annual meeting of the Club in each year.

The management of the affairs of the Club would be vested in a General Committee consisting of the officers and such other members, not exceeding five, to be elected annually. The Committee, continued the Chairman, would have power to co-opt one member from the Naval and Military forces. The provisional committee thought that this would add to the chances of getting weekly games at King's Park and would also add to the interests in rugby and would make for cohesion. The military and naval authorities would be requested to nominate one member from each of the services.

GOOD PROSPECTS.

The CHAIRMAN added that they had a guarantee that the ground at King's Park would be available for use every week, and with the King's Own Scottish Borderers, who possessed a fine "rugger" team, coming shortly to Hongkong, there was every prospect of some excellent matches.

The Colonial Secretary and Mr. E. R. Hallifax, concluded the Chairman, had already promised to become Vice-Presidents, and there were a number of other gentlemen who were willing to act in similar capacity, and only required being asked for their formal consent.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The election of officers took place as under: Chairman, Mr. G. G. N. Timson; Captain, Mr. R. Miller; Hon. Secretary, Mr. L. Smith; Hon. Treasurer, Mr. A. C. F. Bowker; General Committee: Messrs. R. W. Lee, J. A. D. Morrison, H. R. Forsyth, T. L. Foster and G. P. Lammer.

KEEPING THE FLAG FLYING.

The CHAIRMAN explained that the originators of the Club had in no way intended that it should break away from the old Hongkong Football Club. It was hoped that members of the old Club, who joined the new Club, would still retain their membership with the H.K.F.C. Because they spent \$5 entrance fee to join the Rugby Club, it was hoped that they would still pay their \$5 to the old Club.

A "POISONOUS" GROUND.

The Happy Valley ground, continued the speaker, was of no use for "rugger," unless they were going to play in the summer, and then it was very often flooded out. The ground in the "rugger" season was absolutely "poisonous." If they were going to keep the "Rugger Flag" flying in the Colony, they could not do it on the Happy Valley ground, otherwise members were likely to be hurt. The ground had been played for three weeks or so, after they had played. They had already played on the new ground at King's Park, and hoped to keep it. The ground appeared to be a very favourable one for "rugger," and there was every prospect of obtaining regular Saturday matches, especially with the Borderers coming soon. If they had continued on the old ground at the Valley it would have meant extreme difficulty in fixing games for both clubs (the Football Club and Rugby Club).

WATER POLO.

Yesterday's matches resulted as follows:—K.B. School, 1 (Simpson). Royal Navy, 0. H.K. Electric Co., 1 (Foster). K.B. School "B", 0.

LAWN BOWLS.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Only two games are down for decision in the Second Division of the Lawn Bowls League this afternoon. These are as under:—

Craigengower C.C. v. Kowloon C.C.
R.H.K.Y.C. v. Tai Koo R.C.

INTERPORT TRIAL.

On the Kowloon Cricket Club's green this afternoon the second trial game will be played in connection with the approaching bowls interport at Shanghai. The following will play:—U. M. Omar, R. A. Smith, A. M. Holland, Jas. T. Dobbie, P. T. Farrell, G. Morrison, W. Wortherspoon and R. Lapsley. Play will start at 3.30 sharp.

At the conclusion of this trial game the Section Committee will meet to choose the team to go to Shanghai. Mr. D. Gow has already been appointed manager, so there are five more to be picked.

The following are almost certain to go:—Omar No. 1, Holland No. 2, Lapsley No. 3, and Wortherspoon as Skip, with Farrell as fifth player.

DEPARTMENTAL BOWLS.

To-morrow afternoon the semi-final in the Inter-Departmental Bowls Competition will be played, the Prison Department meeting the Education Department. The game will be played on the Police Recreation Club green, and will start at 4 p.m. The winners of the game meet the Sanitary Department in the final on Sunday, September 5th.

LOCAL BASEBALL.

THE WEEK-END FIXTURES.

The week-end programme in connection with the Hongkong Baseball League includes, as usual three fixtures.

To-day:—9.30 p.m., Philippines v. H.K.V.D.C.; 3.40 p.m., Japan v. South China.

To-morrow:—1 p.m., Club de Recreo v. Hongkong Baseball Club.

LEAGUE TABLE.

The League table now stands as:—

W.	L.	Pct.
South China	10	1
Japanese	8	2
Club de Recreo	4	5
Philippines	4	7
H.K. Baseball Club	3	8
Defence Corps	2	8

EXHIBITION MATCH.

The "All Hongkong" team meet U.S.S. Helens at 9.30 p.m. to-morrow.

FANLING HUNT.

HUNTING TO HAVE LATE START.

A meeting of subscribers to the Fanling Hunt has been called for September 3rd, at the Jockey Club Rooms in the Hongkong Club Annex; and it is hoped that all subscribers and any others wishing to become subscribers for the coming season will attend if possible or send in their names to Mr. H. Birkett.

Owing to the lateness of the paddi crop it will be impossible to start regular hunting until November 1st. It is hoped, however, to have hounds out during October on dates which will be announced later. Three and a half couple of hounds have already arrived from home and 2 couple more are due in a few days. A further 6 couple have been wired for and it is hoped will be shipped in October. It is proposed to hold the first Steeplechase meeting on the Kwantung course at the end of October.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE DAVIS CUP COMPETITION.

JAPANESE DEFEATS LACOSTE.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, August 26th. The inter-Zone final of the Davis Cup Competition between France and Japan commenced at Forest Hills, New York, to-day, Jean Cochet (France) defeating Tawara (Japan) by three sets to two, 1-6, 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 6-2.

Tawara won the first two set easily, keeping Cochet running with low-bounding shots. Cochet steadied up by adopting the same tactics, later going up to

the net and winning comfortably by means of most effective volleying and brilliant placing.
Harada (Japan) beat Lacoste (France), 6-4, 4-6, 6-3, 9-7.

LATER.
Harada, with battering forehand drives, was irresistible. Lacoste was unable, with the exception of the second set, to meet the hurricane attack. The Frenchman, in the fourth set, made a sensational but abortive effort and took five games consecutively.
The winner of the inter-Zone Final will meet America in the challenge round.

HOME CRICKET.

AUSTRALIA'S REPLY.

[THROUGH BUTTER'S AGENCY.]

(Kent v. Australians. Overnight score:—Kent: 321, Woolley 84, Bryan 61, Hardinge 52).

London, August 26th. It rained at Canterbury during the night, but this morning the wicket was good, and fine weather attracted fifteen thousand spectators.

The Australians were all out for 386, play closing before Kent could go in again. The lead of 63 was secured through the efforts of J. S. Ryder, who made 109, H. L. Collins, who hit 86, and T. J. E. Andrews who contributed 71.

"Tich" Freeman took six Australian wickets at a cost of 133 runs.

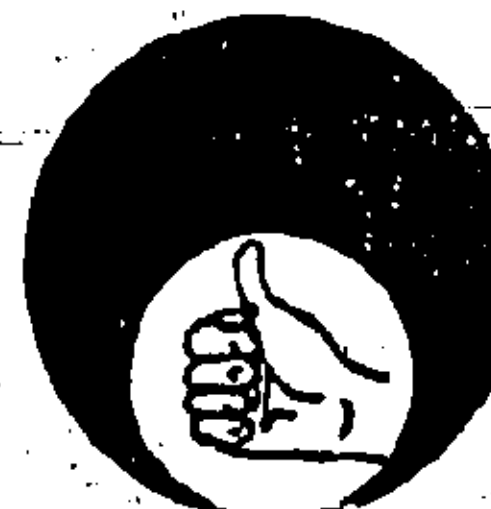
LANCASHIRE v. NORTHANTS.

London, August 27th. Played at Blackpool, Lancashire won by ten wickets. Lancs, with 411 for 7 declared. Makepeace and Iddon made 83 and 50, respectively. E. Tyldesley 127 and 50 not out. Northants compiled 266 in first innings. Jupp made 53. Sibbles had 3 and 39. Second innings, Northants made 231. Walden 67. Macdonald 7 and 113.

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THE WING ON Co., Ltd.

[A.P.B.]

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the Alps—the healthiest pastures
in the world.



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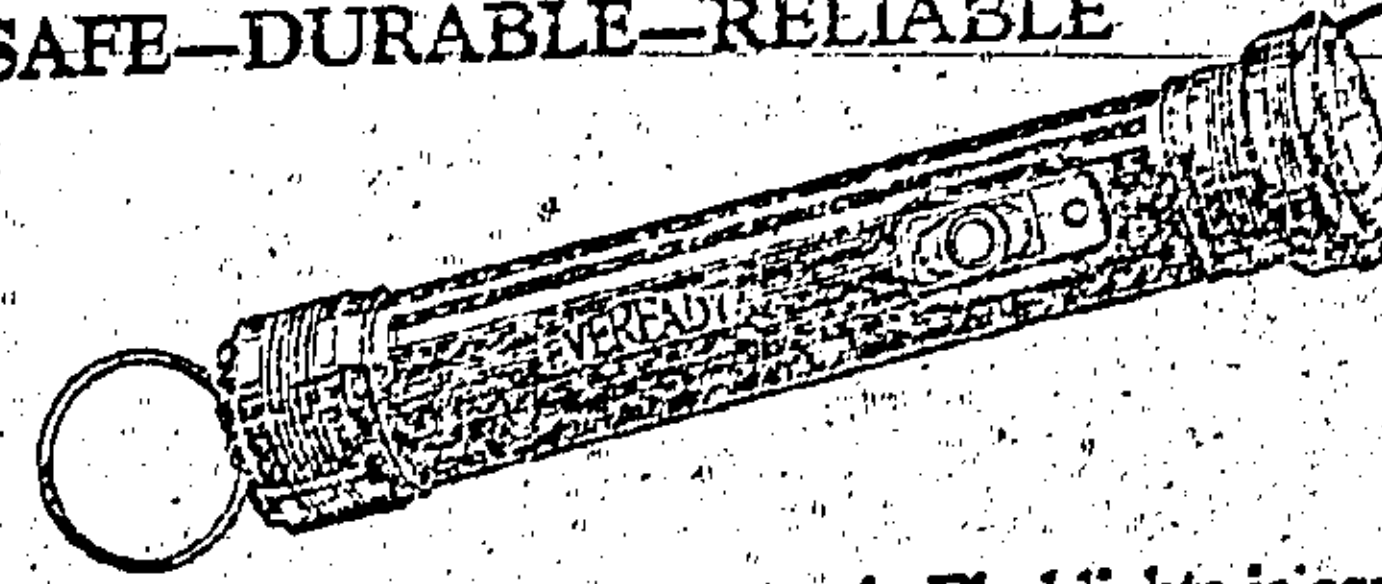
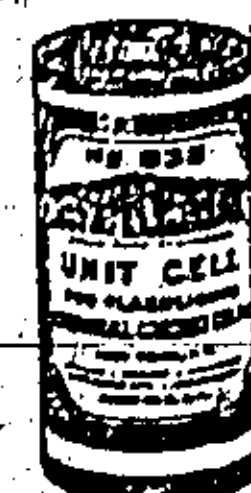
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[34]

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THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LTD.

FROM MIDDLESBRO, ANTWERP,
LONDON AND STRAITS.

The Steamship "BENAVON."

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, Ltd., whence, and/or from the wharves Delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 30th instant, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 13th September, 1926, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 30th instant, at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd August, 1926. [3887]

S.S. "SI-KIANG."

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from DUN-
KIRK, ANTWERP, MANCHESTER,
LONDON, etc., in connection with
above Steamer are hereby informed that
their Goods with the exception of
Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being
landed and stored at their risk into
the Godowns of the HONGKONG AND
KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN CO., LTD.,
whence Delivery may be obtained im-
mediately after landing.

Options of Cargo will be forwarded on unless
intimation is received from the Consignee
before 9 a.m. To-day, requesting it to be
landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the
Underwriter. Goods remaining undelivered after
Saturday, the 28th instant, at Noon, will
be subject to Rent and Landing Charges.

All Claims must be sent in to me on or before
Tuesday, the 31st instant, or they will
not be recognized.

All damaged Packages will be examined on
Saturday, the 28th instant, at 10 a.m., by
Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
J. LIMAGE,
Agent.

Hongkong, 23rd August, 1926. [3886]

NEWS BY MAIL.

A PRINCESS CAMPING OUT.

Princess Juliana of the Netherlands recently joined a party of 30 young girls who were camping out near Assel.

Sir Charles Brett, Ireland's oldest solicitor, died in Belfast recently. He was born in 1839.

In a secluded path on Clapton Common the police found an abandoned baby girl wrapped in woollen clothes and a shawl.

Sir Geoffrey Archer (ex-Governor-General of the Sudan) has undergone an operation, and is progressing satisfactorily.

A small penguin has been picked up in an exhausted condition on the beach at the Dutch seaside resort of Bergen-op-Zoom.

During "Fleet Street Week" for St. Bartholomew's Hospital—October 10th to 16th—a gift auction sale will be held in the city.

Four persons, including a Curé, were drowned at Mecrium, on the Meuse, by the upsetting of a boat during a pleasure trip on the river.

Norwood Grove, an area of 32 acres, is to be conveyed to the Croydon Corporation for permanent preservation at or before Michaelmas.

The N.U.T. have chosen Mr. W. W. Hill, headmaster of Hinchley Court School, as a candidate for membership of the Senate of London University.

Sir Geoffrey de Montmorency has been appointed a member of the Executive Council of the Governor of the Punjab, in succession to Sir Herbert Maynard.

A record total of 32,600,000 passengers was carried by the London General Buses in one week in July. This beats the previous highest total by nearly a million.

The Rev. Frank Yates, the vicar of Holy Trinity Church, Sheffield, was married at his own altar, where, during the past 14 years, he has married 1,500 couples.

A Times Riga correspondent reports that at Leningrad the OGPU (Chika) shot three more Estonians after a Court-martial. They were charged with espionage.

Dr. Jean Chareot has sailed in his ship, the *Pourquoi Pas*, from Cherbourg on a long research cruise in the Arctic regions. He was accompanied by a number of scientists.

About £22,000 has already been subscribed and £30,000 is still needed for the Lord Milner Memorial Fund for provision of a simple monument and travelling and research fellowships.

The directors of the British Rubber and General Trust Company announce that Mr. Sidney G. Chamberlain tendered his resignation as a director which they have accepted with regret.

General Massand Amorim, High Commissioner of Mozambique, has been appointed Governor-General of Portuguese India, following the retirement of the former Governor-General, Senhor Martins.

For being drunk in charge of a motor-car at Chadwell Heath (Essex), Joseph Hillman, 25, a motor-driver, of Dane End, Warr (Herts), was sent to prison for two months' hard labour at Stretford.

A man in North-West Donegal, named McFadden, who had concealed a large packet of bank notes in the rafters of his cottage, has discovered that rats have left him nothing but a few shreds of paper.

An average increase of 23.7 per cent. in the issue of books for home reading during the General Strike, as compared with the same period last year, was shown by 68 representative British libraries.

The conference of the Federation of Rural Approved Societies at Oxford condemned the recommendation of the Royal Commission on National Health Insurance, which referred to the pooling of surpluses.

In a cavity behind a stone below the roof of Ash House, Stedham, near Midhurst, Sussex, a workman has found a bag containing over 400 Elizabethan, James I., and Charles I. and Charles II. silver coins.

A representative of the Boiler Manufacturers' Association said he would be prepared to advise sending traffic by road and boycotting the railways if the companies persisted in their new schedules of carriage rates.

Three new torpedo boats for the German Navy were launched at the naval wharf in Wilhelmshaven in the presence of Vice-Admiral Blauer, the former Commander-in-Chief of the German submarine forces.

The council of the Royal Meteorological Society has awarded the Howard Prize for 1926 to Cadet B. W. Harman, of H.M.S. Worcester, for the best essay on "The Causes and Distribution of Fog in the North Atlantic."

Mr. "Pussfoot" Johnson has sailed from New York to attend the International Anti-Alcohol Congress, which is to be held at Tartoma (Dorpat), in Estonia, after which he is leaving for a tour of the Balkans and the Near East.

Near La Bassée a dredger, manned by a Dutch crew, brought up from the bottom of the canal two 7in. shells. One of these exploded and killed one man, while five others, including a passer-by, were more or less seriously wounded.

A motor-van, drawing a cage of three lions and a living van away down Chudleigh Hill, Devon, mounted the hedge and turned over. The back of the lions' cage was smashed, and one lion was only just stopped from crawling out.

It is reported from Linz (Upper Austria) that some hundred barrows have

(Continued at foot of next Column.)

SEAMEN AND POLITICS.

UNION'S IMPORTANT DECISION.

NO AFFILIATION WITH FOREIGN ORGANIZATIONS.

Two important decisions marked the close of the annual meeting of the National Union of Seamen at St. George's Hall, Westminster, when the delegates resolved to withdraw forthwith from the International Transport Workers' Federation, and authorized an extended ballot to be taken of members on the question of dissociation from all political affiliations.

These decisions were conveyed in the following official statement made by Mr. J. Havelock Wilson, president of the Union, at the termination of the proceedings, which were private:—

"A vote of non-confidence in the executive was unanimously defeated by the whole of the delegates present."

"Liverpool North branch tabled the following resolution:—That we, the members of the North Liverpool branch of the Seamen's Union, emphatically assert that no paid official of the union should or will be permitted to become a candidate for Parliamentary or municipal honours while they are the servants of the organization. If he or they desire to become a candidate for any such position they must tender their resignation before seeking same." There was no opposition, and the resolution was carried unanimously."

"From Liverpool South branch a resolution was moved as follows:—That this meeting is of the opinion that many of the affiliations with foreign unions are a waste of good union money, specially in the case of the International Transport Workers' Federation, which has proved itself in the past to be more of a political association than that of a trade union. Furthermore, that the Secretary, Mr. Edo Fimmen, has been guilty of issuing manifestoes without proper executive instructions, and the effect of such manifestoes has been to mislead the workers of all Europe. It therefore be an instruction to the Executive Council to withdraw forthwith from the 'International Transport Workers' Federation.' A few delegates spoke in favour of retaining the affiliation, but the great majority declared against it. On being put to the vote, it was unanimously carried that the affiliation cease forthwith."

A BALLOT.

"A resolution that caused a great deal of debate was from North Shields:—That we, the members of the North Shields branch, are of opinion that the time has now arrived when we should, as a trade union, dissociate ourselves from all political affiliations. We are also of the opinion that an extended ballot, lasting three months, should be taken forthwith in order to ascertain the true feeling of the members. There was a long discussion on this, but all the delegates who spoke said it was a democratic way of doing business, and that all they were asking to be ascertained was: Are the seafaring men against political affiliations or not? On the resolution being put to the vote it was unanimously carried that the ballot be taken forthwith."

"A resolution was submitted from the Executive Council that all officials should retire as follows:—Branch delegates at 60 years of age, branch secretaries and district secretaries at 65 years, and head office officials at 70 years. This was unanimously adopted."

THE WORLD'S SHIPPING.

GREAT BRITAIN STILL HOLDS FIRST POSITION.

STEADY ADVANCE OF OTHER NATIONS.

While Great Britain and Ireland still hold first position in the shipping world, the advance of foreign nations during the past 12 years is emphasised in the 1926-27 edition of Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

The world shipping at the end of June last totalled 64,784,370 tons (including 2,112,433 tons sailing vessels). Of this 19,399,767 tons were owned in Great Britain and Ireland, and 45,384,573 tons in other countries.

A comparison between the steam and motor vessels in June, 1914, and June, 1923, shows a total of 45,404,000 tons on the former date and of 62,674,000 tons on the latter date, an increase of 17,269,000 tons, or 38 per cent.

The largest increases had taken place in the United States (about 9,500,000 tons) and in Japan (more than 1,000,000 tons). Increases in four other cases, namely, Italy (1,750,000), France (1,402,000), Holland (1,081,000), and British Dominions (1,057,000).

ONLY 2% INCREASE.

The increase of tonnage belonging to Great Britain and Ireland—372,000 tons—represented barely 2 per cent. of the tonnage owned in 1914, whereas the increase of tonnage owned abroad represented 23.7 per cent. of the pre-war tonnage.

Germany shows the only decrease—one of 2,073,000.

In 1914 there was owned in Great Britain and Ireland 41.8 per cent. of the world's steam and motor tonnage, but owing to the great increase which has taken place since 1914 in the tonnage owned abroad the percentage of 41.8 has now shrunk to 30.7.

been discovered near Hargelsberg which are believed to date from the early Iron Age. It is thought that the remains of men of the Bronze Age may also have been buried in some of them.

CHURCH NOTICES.

St. John's Cathedral, Hongkong.
August 29th, 1926, 13th Sunday after Trinity.
Holy Communion at 8 a.m.
Matins at 11 a.m.
Preacher:—Rev. H. Copley Moyle.
Evening at 6 p.m.
Preacher:—Rev. H. A. Wittenbach. [37]

Union Church—Kennedy Road.
Sunday Services, August 29th.—
Sunday School at 10 a.m.
Morning Service at 11 a.m.
Hymns: 317, 61, 157, 278 and 536.
Psalm in Lecture Hall at 4 p.m.
Evening Service at 6 p.m.
Hymns: 325, 37, 713, 488 and 685.
Preacher, Morning and Evening:—
Rev. J. Kirk Macdonachie.

Wednesday, September 1st, at 8.15 p.m.—
Soldiers and Sailors' Christian Association.
Friday, September 3rd, at 8.30 p.m.—
Christian Endeavour Meeting and Social Hour.
Saturday Circle, August 29th, from 8 p.m.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.—
Maddison Road, below Bowen Road.
Tram Station.
Sunday Service, August 29th, at 11.15 a.m.—
Subject:—"Christ Jesus."

Wednesday Evening Meeting at 5.30 p.m.—
Reading Room at above address open.
Tuesday and Friday, 10 a.m. to 12 Noon;
Monday and Thursday, 5 to 7 p.m. [37]

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, August 27th.

	Previous Day	On Date	On Date
	at 2 p.m.	at 6 a.m.	at 1 p.m.
Barometer	29.57	29.67	29.69
Temperature	84	77	79
Humidity	85	91	90
Wind Direction	NNW	W	W
Force	1	1	2
Weather	OP	O	OR
Rain	0.10	0.00	0.31

Highest open-air Temperature on 26th ... 89

Lowest open-air Temperature on 27th ... 77

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE.

From August 28th to September 3rd, 1926.

HIGH WATER. LOW WATER.

Days of Week	Days of Month	H'kong. Standard Time.	Height.	H'kong. Standard Time.	Height.
Satur.	28	h. m.	ft. in.	h. m.	ft. in.
Sun.	29	1 15	6 0	7 0	2 6
Mon.	30	2 23	5 2	7 47	3 2
Tues.	31	3 31	4 4	8 59	3 6
Wed.	1	4 39	4 0	10 11	4 0
Thur.	2	5 38	3 2	11 18	4 2
Fri.	3	6 44	2 4	12 24	4 4

RIVER LEVELS.

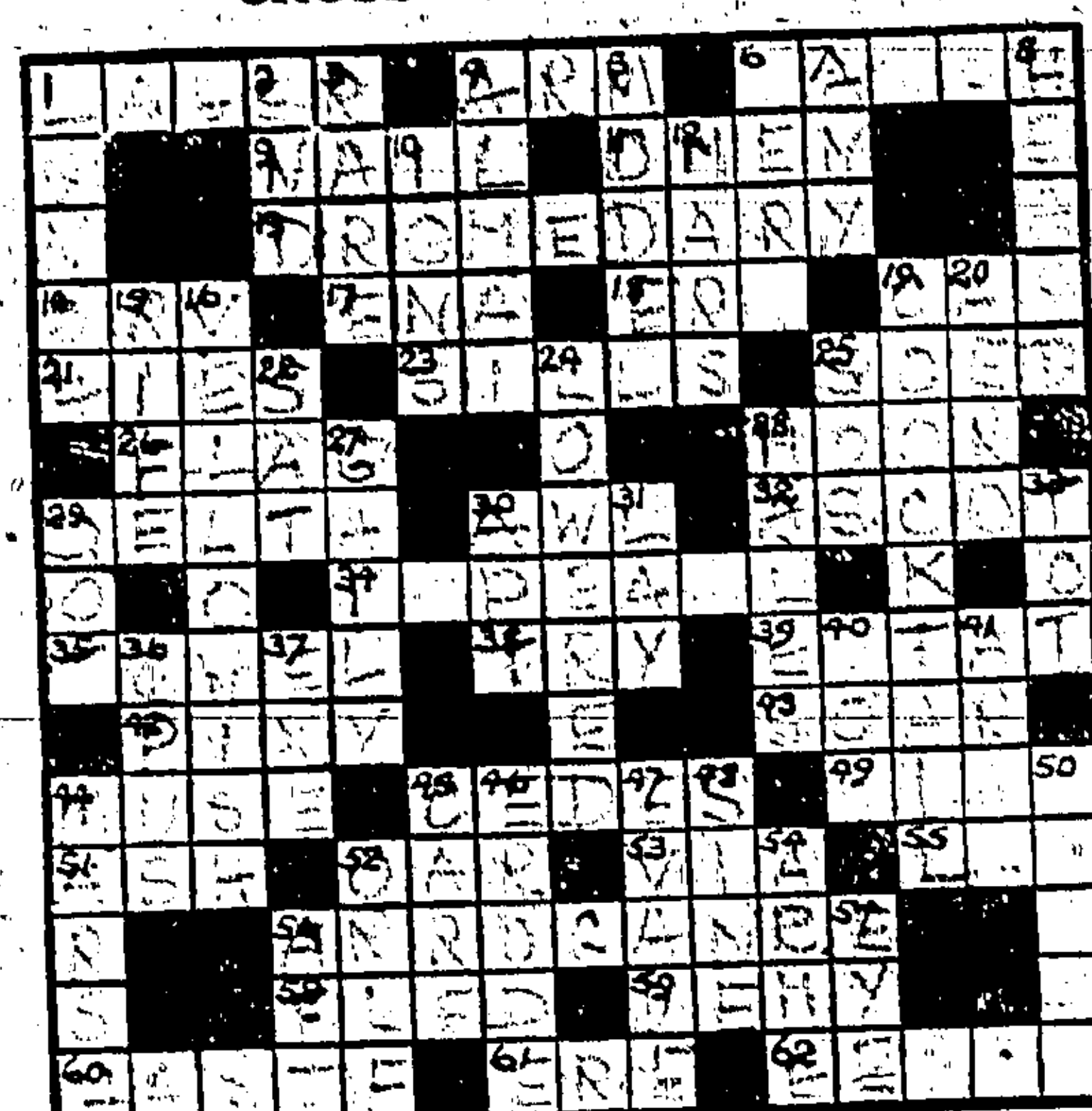
Bulletin from

BOARD OF CONSERVANCY WORKS OF KWANGTUNG.

Waterlevels (in English Feet) at 8 a.m.

Place of Observation	Highest W. Level recorded.	Lowest W. Level recorded.	W.L. Aug. 25	W.L. Aug. 26
West River at Shingun	+41.0	0	+15.4	+16.4
North River at Tsingyun	+23.7	0	+4.7	Falling
North River at Samshui	+27.3	-5.0	+8.32	+8.72
East River at Sheklung	+16.2	-3	+1.1	+1.3

CROSS WORD PUZZLE.



- Across.
1. Light beer.
 4. Part of body.
 6. Set.
 9. Claw.
 11. Sign.
 13. Arabian camel.
 14. Weep.
 17. Girl's name.
 18. Unit of work.
 19. Vehicle.
 21. Hurries.
 23. Window ledges.
 25. Throw off.
 26. Droop.
 28. Inhabitant of Morocco.
 29. Deposit at river mouth.
 30. Shoemaker's tool.
 32. Race meeting.
 34. Form into pearls.
 35. Drying cloth.
 38. Attempt.
 39. Applause.
 42. Fairy.
 43. Rise.
 44. Powder.
 45. Yields.
 46. Belonging to the ear.
 51. Tree.
 52. Bladed pole.
 53. By way of.
 55. Part of head.
 56. Overbearing conceit.
 58. Runaway.
 59. Size of paper.
 60. Speed.
 61. Before.
 62. Causing fear.
- Down.
1. Meal.
 2. Finish.
 3. Uncommon.
 4. Egyptian dancing girl.
 5. Pattern.
 7. Towering mass.
 8. Indefinite number.
 10. Electrically charged particles.
 12. God of War.
 13. Prevaling.
 15. Somewhat golden colour.
 16. Beverage.
 20. Pertaining to the air.
 22. Rusted.
 24. Let down.
 25. Emergency signal.
 27. Merrily.
 28. Men.
 29. A little mark.
 30. Capable.
 31. Poem.
 33. Anything very small.
 36. Musical composition.
 37. Devonshire river.
 40. Make love.
 41. Tune.
 44. Swamp.
 45. Anxiety.
 46. Corrode.
 47. Elude.
 48. Geometrical expression.
 49. Mediterranean island.
 50. Fillet (Heraldry).
 52. Summit.
 53. Towards the stern.
 57. Organ of vision.

The solution of this puzzle will appear in the Daily Press on Tuesday.

SOLUTION OF THURSDAY'S PUZZLE.

AUTUMN PASTOR
M N R OVA USC C
I N T E G E R M A R W H A E
N I E P E R G N E R A I
T O L U I O O P E E P
U F A C T I O N A L L E
S T E A M H U B Y R I S
A L L O C E A N I A E M E
P H E A U T C T I P E E
V C R I C K E T E R N
P E N T A I L A G T A
E A T O D D L E D O V
A L M O N Y E R E M I T E
T V N E O N M M R
W E F E N D F O I L E D

VESSLS IN DOCK.

The following vessels are in dock at
Taikoo:—*Hanyang, Kato, Kiangsu and
Teau.*
At the Cosmopolitan Dock:—*Lama.*

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying in the Great Northern Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong:—

From	To
WYAT	Shanghai
Waddington	Yokohama
Storer	Shanghai
Vantour	Shanghai

The following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying in the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong:—

Number	Address	From
11415/18th Alliance	Mintin	
Canta	Zamboanga	
14403/23rd Laing	Liverpool	
15892/25th Midcom	London	

SUNRISE AND SUNSET IN HONGKONG.

FOR AUGUST, 1926.

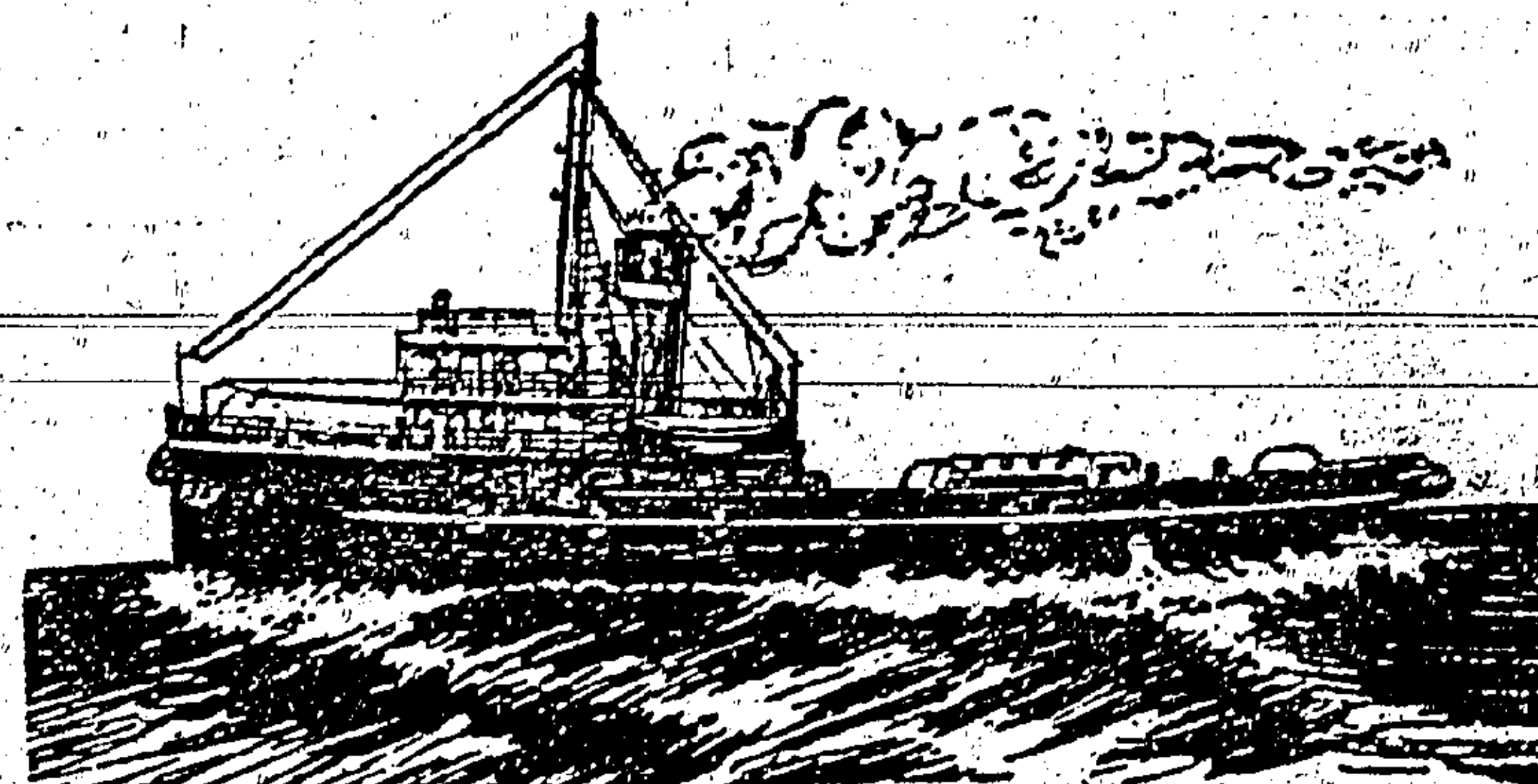
Date.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
August 28th	6.04 a.m.	6.44 p.m.
" 29th	" 6.04 "	" 6.43 "
" 30th	" 6.03 "	" 6.43 "
" 31st	" 6.03 "	" 6.42 "

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"Henry Keswick"

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R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, HONGKONG.

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 M.V. "SPRINGBANK" ... Via Suez Canal 30th September.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT
"ELLERMAN" LINE
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"CITY OF MELBOURNE" ... From Hongkong 5th September.
 For Marseilles, Havre, London and Hamburg.

FARES TO LONDON "A" 1st Class £25. 2nd Class £20.
 "B" 1st Class £20. 2nd Class £15.

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ORIENTAL-AFRICAN LINE

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 Loading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay and Uptown.
 Through Bills of Lading issued to Batavia, Quilimains, Ibo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinde, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombassa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Swakopmund, Walvis Bay, and Madagascar.

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M.V. "MALAYAN PRINCE" ... 3rd Oct., 1926

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King's Building.

[19]

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ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE:

S.S. "OUDEKERK" ... 20th September.
 S.S. "SIMALOE" ... 18th October.

SAILINGS FOR EUROPE:

S.S. "ZOSMA" ... 4th September.
 S.S. "OOSTERK" ... 2nd October.
 S.S. "OUDEKERK" ... 30th October.

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 (UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamship.	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination.
"MACEDONIA"	11,069	4th Sept., Noon	Marseilles and London.
"NAGPORE"	5,233	10th Sept.	Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Antwerp & Hull.
"MALWA"	10,341	18th Sept.	Marseilles and London.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	23rd Sept.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo and Bombay.
"NELLORE"	6,853	29th Sept.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	2nd Oct.	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull.
"MOREA"	10,918	16th Oct.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KHYBER"	9,114	30th Oct.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay.
"NYANZA"	7,023	30th Oct.	Marseilles and London.
"MANTUA"	10,902	13th Nov.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay.
"DEVANHA"	8,155	27th Nov.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KARMALA"	9,123	27th Nov.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"MACEDONIA"	11,069	11th Dec.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo and Bombay.
"DELTA"	9,097	23rd Dec.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KHIVA"	9,135	25th Dec.	Marseilles and London.
"MALWA"	10,341	8th Jan.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KALYAN"	9,144	22nd Jan.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"MOREA"	10,918	5th Feb.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	19th Feb.	Marseilles and London.
"MANTUA"	10,902	5th March	Marseilles and London.
"MONGOLIA"	10,504	19th March	Marseilles and London.
"MACEDONIA"	11,069	2nd April	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KARMALA"	9,123	15th April	Marseilles and London.
"MALWA"	10,341	30th April	Marseilles and London.

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BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship.	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination.
"TAKADA"	6,548	5th Sept.	Singapore, Penang and Calcutta.
"SANTHIA"	7,754	14th Sept.	do.
"TILAWA"	10,006	20th Sept.	do.
"TALAMBA"	6,615	24th Sept.	do.
"SHIRALA"	7,841	3rd Oct.	do.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship.	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	1st Oct.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island,
"ARAFURA"	6,000	25th Oct.	Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney
"TANDA"	6,955	2nd Dec.	and Melbourne.

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 The E. & A.S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hio, Cebu,
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The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via
 Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Steamship.	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination.
"JEYPORE"	5,314	30th Aug., 6 a.m.	Moji and Kobe.
"NELLORE"	6,853	31st Aug., 6 a.m.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	3rd Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TALAMBA"	6,615	5th Sept.	Kobe.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	7th Sept.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.
"SHIRALA"	7,841	13th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MOREA"	10,918	16th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"NYANZA"	7,023	20th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KHYBER"	9,114	1st Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ARAFURA"	6,000	5th Oct.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.
"MANTUA"	10,902	16th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MIRZAPUR"	6,715	23rd Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KARMALA"	9,123	29th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"DEVANHA"	8,155	30th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TANDA"	6,955	2nd Nov.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.
"KHIVA"	9,135	14th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"NELLORE"	6,853	15th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MACEDONIA"	11,069	25th Nov.	Shanghai only.
"DELTA"	9,097	27th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	7th Dec.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.
"MALWA"	10,341	18th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"NYANZA"	7,023	18th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KALYAN"	9,144	24th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ARAFURA"	6,000	4th Jan.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.
"MOREA"	10,918	7th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	8th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MANTUA"	10,902	4th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TANDA"	6,955	8th Feb.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.
"MONGOLIA"	10,504	17th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MACEDONIA"	11,069	4th March	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	8th March	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.
"DEVANHA"	8,155	13th March	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KARMALA"	9,123	13th March	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MALWA"	10,341	1st April	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ARAFURA"	6,000	5th April	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama.

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AND RETURN.

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 Round Trip Tickets will be issued from Hongkong to Foochow (Pagoda,
 Ansheng) or vice versa and Return by the same Steamer at the Reduced Rate
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General Managers.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

Steamship.	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW" ... On 28th Aug. 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"SINKIANG" ... On 29th Aug. 6 a.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"KANGCHOW" ... On 31st Aug. 6 a.m.
AMOI & SINGAPORE	"KIUNGCHOW" ... On 31st Aug. 6 a.m.
SHANGHAI & NEWCHOW	"HANYANG" ... On 1st Sept. 4 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SOOCHOW" ... On 2nd Sept. 3 p.m.
AMOI & SINGAPORE	"KINGYUAN" ... On 3rd Sept. 6 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"LINAN" ... On 4th Sept. 6 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"SUIYANG" ... On 5th Sept. 6 a.m.
BANGKOK	"KWEITANG" ... On 6th Sept. 6 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"SZBOHCHEN" ... On 7th Sept. 6 a.m.
AMOI & SINGAPORE	"ANKING" ... On 7th Sept. 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"SUNYING" ... On 9th Sept. 6 a.m.

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Agents.

CARGO AND PASSAGE CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE. [4]

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STEAMER	DATE HONGKONG ON OR ABOUT	SAILING HONGKONG ON OR ABOUT
TAIPING	10th September	17th September
CHANGTE	8th October	15th October
TAIPING	9th November	17th November
CHANGTE	10th December	17th December

For Freight and Passage Apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Telephone: Central 35.

Agents.

BODWELL & CO., LTD.

NEW YORK BERTH.

LOADING FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK VIA SUEZ.

S.S. "BOLTON CASTLE" ... on or about 19th September.

LLOYD TRIESTINO.

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR

BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (FIUME).

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO

GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADELATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI, VENICE OR TRIESTE

"A" CLASS: "B" CLASS:

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI

From Hongkong.

S.S. "FIUME L." ... on or about 4th September.

M.V. "VIMINALE" ... on or about 5th October.

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

From Hongkong.

S.S. "ROSANDRA" ... on or about 8th September.

S.S. "FIUME L." ... on or about 30th September.

M.V. "VIMINALE" ... on or about 30th October.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

FROM CALCUTTA AND COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "UMYLOST" ... Sails from Calcutta 31st August.

S.S. "UMZUMBI" ... Sails from Calcutta 30th Sept.

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines, apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 1030.

Agents.

[17]

BOSTON NEW YORK & BALTIMORE

Joint Service of the

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD., AND CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

Sailings from Hongkong.

S.S. "ANTILLOHUS" ... Via Suez Canal 10th September.

S.S. "CITY OF EVANSVILLE" ... Via Suez Canal 24th September.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.

Subject to charge without notice.

For Freight and Particulars, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, or THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONGKONG.

HONGKONG AND CANTON, JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD., CANTON.

[11]

POST OFFICE NOTICE
INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DUE
JAPAN, SHANGHAI & EUROPE via SIBERIA	Fushimi Maru	28th Aug.
SHANGHAI	Kanabow	28th Aug.
EUROPE via NAGASAKI (papers only)	Jeppore	29th Aug.
London, 29th July	Nelson	29th Aug.
SEATTLE	Pres. Ford	29th Aug.
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Emp. of Canada	30th Aug.
MANILA	Shingo Maru	31st Aug.
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. Jefferson	31st Aug.
SAIGON	Hong Kong	1st Sept.
MANILA	Pres. Pierce	2nd Sept.
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. Grant	4th Sept.
EUROPE via SIBERIA (papers & parcels 29th July)	St. Alban	8th Sept.
U.S.A., CANADA, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. Pierce	10th Sept.
AUSTRALIA & MANILA		
MANILA		

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	PER	DATE
Bangkok	Kalgan	Saturday, 28th
Fort Bayard	Wingate	11:00 A.M.
Amoy	Typhoon	11:30 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & EUROPE via San Francisco—due San Francisco, 22nd Sept. and EUROPE via Siberia (letters & parcels, special papers, etc.) via Siberia (only)	Pres. Cleveland	Parcels Noon Letters 5:00 P.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 26th Sept.	Fushimi Maru	Reg. 1:45 P.M. Letters 2:30 P.M.
Wei Hai Wei	Huichow	2:00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Hosan Maru	Sunday, 29th
Amoy	Kiungchow	Monday, 30th
		5:00 P.M.
		Tuesday, 31st
Japan & Honolulu	Ginyo Maru	10:30 A.M.
Shanghai & Japan	Angers	12:30 P.M.
Amoy and Foochow	Hai Hong	1:00 P.M.
Shanghai	Glenagarry	4:00 P.M.
		SEPTEMBER
Straits & Calcutta	Namwang	Wednesday, 1st
		Parcels Noon Letters 1:00 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & EUROPE via Victoria, B.C.—due Victoria, B.C., 30th Sept.	Pres. Jefferson	Parcels Noon Reg. 2:45 P.M. Letters 3:30 P.M.
Shanghai	Hanyang	2:50 P.M.
		Thursday, 2nd
Swatow	Soochow	1:30 P.M.
Amoy	Kiungchow	5:00 P.M.
		Friday, 3rd
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & EUROPE via V.A.N. COVE, B.C.—due Vancouver, B.C., 30th Sept. & EUROPE via Siberia (letters and parcels, special papers, etc.) via Siberia (only)	Emp. of Canada	Parcels 9:00 A.M. Reg. 9:15 A.M. Letters 10:00 A.M.
Manila	Pres. Pierce	1:30 P.M.
Shanghai	Linnas	5:00 P.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 1st Oct.	Macedonia	Reg. 4th, 9:45 A.M. Letters 10:30 A.M.
		Saturday, 4th
Sandakan	Mawang	12:30 P.M.
Haiphong	Mingyang	5:00 P.M.
Shanghai	Suiyang	5:00 P.M.
		Sunday, 5th
Manila	Pres. Grant	9:00 A.M.
		Monday, 6th
Bangkok	Kiungchow	4:30 P.M.

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE
REGULAR AND FAST
FREIGHT AND
PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE

"BARBEDON" 8th Sept. Maru, L'don, B'dam. & Glasgow.
 "HELEUS" 21st Sept. Maru, L'don, B'dam. & Hamburg.
 "CALIGAS" 5th Oct. Maru, L'don, B'dam. & Hamburg.
 "PATROCLUS" 20th Oct. Maru, L'don, B'dam. & Glasgow.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

"TELEMACHUS" 20th Sept. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
 "ATREUS" 20th Oct. Genoa, Havre and Liverpool.

PACIFIC SERVICE

"TALYTHUS" 16th Sept. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.
 "PHILOTTES" 7th Oct. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

NEW YORK SERVICE

"ANTHOCUS" 10th Sept. New York, Boston & Baltimore.
 "TEUCER" 22nd Oct. New York, Boston & Baltimore.

PASSENGER SERVICE

"BARBEDON" 8th Sept. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
 "PATROCLUS" 20th Oct. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
 "HELEUS" 17th Nov. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
 "HECTOR" 15th Dec. Singapore, Marseilles & London.

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.

For freight and passage rates and information apply to—

Butterfield & Swire,

Agents.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital\$50,000,000
 Issued and Fully Paid\$30,000,000
 Reserve Funds:—
 Sterling\$4,500,000
 Silver\$37,000,000
 Reserve Liability of Pro-
 prietors\$20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Court of Directors:
 Hon. Mr. D. G. M. BERNARD,
 Chairman.
 Hon. Mr. A. O. LING,
 Deputy Chairman.
 W. H. Bell, Esq., J. A. Plummer, Esq.
 A. H. Compton, Esq., T. G. Wall, Esq.
 W. L. Patterson, Esq., H. P. White, Esq.
 G. M. Young, Esq.,
 Chief Manager.
 A. H. BARLOW, Esq.

BRANCHES:—
 Amoy, Hongkong, Penang,
 Bangkok, Hanoi, Rangoon,
 Batavia, Ipoh, Saigon,
 Bombay, Johore, San Francisco,
 Calcutta, Kobe, Shanghai,
 Canton, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore,
 Chefoo, London, Sourabaya,
 Colombo, Lyons, Tientsin,
 Fookchow, Malacca, Yokohama,
 Haiphong, Manilla, Hankow,
 Harbin, New York, Peking,
 Yenchow.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in Local
 CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS re-
 ceived for one year or shorter
 periods in LOCAL CURRENCY and
 Sterling on terms which will be
 quoted on application.
 Hongkong, 27th May, 1926. [25]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank
 is conducted by the HONG-
 KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING
 CORPORATION. Rules may
 be obtained on application.
 For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI
 BANKING CORPORATION,
 A. H. BARLOW, Chief Manager.
 Hongkong, 27th May, 1926. [3]

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

Head Office:
 96, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.
 Subscribed Capital, Frs. 72,000,000.00
 Paid-up Capital, Frs. 68,400,000.00
 Reserve Fund, Frs. 59,867,983.54

BRANCHES:
 Bangkok, Hanoi, Pondicherry,
 Batavia, Hongkong, Saigon,
 Canton, Mengtze, Shanghai,
 Djibouti, Nankai, Singapore,
 Fort Bayard, Papeete, Tientsin,
 Haiphong, Peking, Tonkin,
 Hankow, Poon-Peh, Yunnan.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-
 counts and Fixed Deposits accord-
 ing to arrangement.
 Every description of Banking and
 Exchange Business transacted.
 A. LECOT, Manager.
 Hongkong, 20th March, 1924. [32]

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA,
LIMITED.

Head Office: HONGKONG.
 10, Des Vaux Road Central.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL\$10,000,000
 PAID-UP CAPITAL5,000,000
 RESERVE FUND1,200,000

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:
 Canton, Osaka, Haiphong,
 London, Singapore, Batavia,
 Seattle, Melbourne, Kowloon,
 Nagasaki, Calcutta, New York,
 Tientsin, Saigon, Yokohama,
 Manila, San Francisco, Peking,
 Bombay, Taipei, Rangoon,
 Shanghai, Tokyo, Sourabaya,
 Honolulu, Penang, Semarang.

Correspondents in all principal
 cities of the world.
 Every description of Banking and
 Exchange Business transacted.
 Loans granted on approved securi-
 ties.
 SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES TO LET.
 KAN YONG PO, Chief Manager.
 Hongkong, 22nd May, 1926.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

Head Office: HONGKONG.
 Established 1912.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL\$1,200,000
 PAID-UP CAPITAL\$1,092,925
 SILVER RESERVE FUND700,000
 branches:—CANTON, SHANGHAI, HAN-
 KOW, SWATOW, BANGKOK, NEW
 YORK and SAN FRANCISCO.
 Correspondents in all Principal
 Cities of the World.
 LONDON BANKERS:—THE LLOYDS
 BANK, LIMITED.
 Every description of banking busi-
 ness transacted.
 Safe Deposit Boxes in various
 sizes to be let from \$5.00 to \$40.00
 yearly.

LOOK POON SHAN,
Chief Manager.

[37]

COMMERCIAL.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

August 27th, 1926.

On LONDON:—
 Telegraphic Transfer2 1/2
 Bank Bills, on demand3 1/4 3/16
 Bank Bills, at 30 days sight
 Bank Bills, at 6 months sight
 Credits, at 6 months sight 1/3 3/16
 Importers' Bills, at 6 months sight
 On NEW YORK:—
 Bank Bills, on demand1768 dom.
 Credits, at 6 months sight
 On HONGKONG:—
 Bank Bills, on demand58
 Credits, at 30 days sight54 1/2
 On BOMBAY:—
 Telegraphic Transfer145
 Bank Bills, on demand
 On CALCUTTA:—
 Telegraphic Transfer145
 Bank Bills, on demand
 On SHANGHAI:—
 Bank Bills, at sightnom.
 Private, 30 days sightnom.
 On YOKOHAMA:—On demand110
 On MANILA:—On demand106
 On SINGAPORE:—On demand84
 On BATAVIA:—On demand130 1/2
 On HAIPHONG:—On demandnom.
 On SAIGON:—On demandnom.
 On BANGKOK:—On demand84 1/2
 Sovereign Bank's Buying rate \$8.97
 Gold Leaf, 100 fine, per tael
 Bar Silver, per oz.28 1/2

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF
INDIA, LIMITED.

Head Office:
 15, Gracechurch Street, London,
 E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital£3,000,000
 Subscribed Capital£1,600,000
 Paid-up Capital£1,050,000
 Reserve Fund£1,350,000

BANKERS:
 THE BANK OF ENGLAND
 and
 MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES:
 Bangkok, Kandy, Penang,
 Batavia, Karachi, Port Louis,
 Bombay, Kota Bharu (Malacca),
 Calcutta, Kuala Lumpur, Rangoon,
 Colombo, Krasai, Singapore,
 Delhi, (Pahang), Singapore,
 Galle, Madras, Sourabaya,
 Hongkong, New York.

HONGKONG BRANCHES:
 Every description of Banking and
 Exchange Business transacted.
 Interest allowed on Current Ac-
 counts to 2 per cent. per annum on
 Daily Balance and on Fixed De-
 posits at Rates that may be ascer-
 tained on application.
 C. L. C. SANDES, Manager.
 7, Queen's Road Central,
 Hongkong, June 17th, 1926. [29]

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE
POUR LE
COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE.

(Incorporated in France).
 5, Chater Road, Victoria, Hongkong.

Head Office:
 74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

CapitalFr. 20,000,000
 ReservesFr. 11,160,000
 Special Working
 CapitalFr. 50,000,000

BRANCHES:
 Paris, Lyons, Marseilles,
 Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi,
 Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin,
 Canton, Hongkong.

France: Société Générale, Banque
 Nationale de Crédit, Banque de
 Paris et des Pays Bas.
 London: Midland Bank, Ltd.
 New York: Irving Bank, Columbia
 Trust Co.

Every description of Banking and
 Exchange Business transacted.
 Correspondents throughout the
 World.
 A. ROLLIN, Manager.
 Hongkong, 2nd December, 1925.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.

(TAIWAN GINKO).
 Incorporated by Special Imperial
 Charter, 1909.

Capital SubscribedYen 45,000,000
 Capital (Paid-up)Yen 39,275,000

HEAD OFFICE:—TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:
 JAPAN:—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe,
 Osaka.

FORMOSA:—Giran, Kagi, Karenko,
 Keelung, Makong, Nanto,
 Shichien, Taichu, Tainan,
 Takao, Tamsui, Tuen, Heito,
 Taio.

CHINA:—Shanghai, Hankow, Amoy,
 Fookchow, Swatow, Canton.
 OTHERS:—Hongkong, Singapore,
 Sourabaya, Semarang, Batavia,
 Bombay, London, New York,
 Calcutta.

LONDON BANKERS:

THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER
 AND PARK BANK.

The Bank has Correspondents in
 the Commercial Centres in the
 European Continent, Russia, Indo-
 China, Siam, India, Philippine
 Islands, Africa, etc.
 Interest allowed on Current Ac-
 counts, and Fixed Deposits at
 Rates which will be quoted on ap-
 plication.

T. TAKAGI,
 Manager,
 HONGKONG BRANCH,
 8, Des Vaux Road, Central.
 Hongkong, 11th May, 1926. [37]

THE BANK OF CHINA.

(Specially authorized by Presidential
 Mandate of the Republic of
 China on the 22nd of
 November, 1917.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL\$60,000,000.00
 PAID-UP CAPITAL18,750,000.00
 RESERVE FUND8,844,988.88

Head Office:—PEKING.
 Hongkong Branch:—4, QUEEN'S
 ROAD CENTRAL.

Branches and Sub-branches all over
 China, and Correspondents in
 Europe, America, and other
 parts of the world.
 London Bankers:—THE GUARANTY
 TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, THE
 NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD.
 New York Bankers:—THE EQUIT-
 ABLE EASTERN BANKING COR-
 PORATION, THE IRVING BANK,
 COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-
 counts and Fixed Deposits. Terms
 on application.
 Every description of Banking
 Business transacted.
 Loans granted on Approved
 Securities.
 Special facilities for domestic
 exchange.

TSUYEE PEI,
 Manager.
 Hongkong, January 16th, 1926. [38]

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL
MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(Netherlands Trading Society).
 Established 1824.
 Hongkong Branch established 1906.

Authorized Capital
 Guilders 150,000,000
 (\$13,500,000)

Paid-up Capital
 80,000,000
 (\$6,800,000)

Reserve Fund
 21,117,340
 (\$1,759,778)

Special Reserves
 22,830,000
 (\$1,898,330)

Head Office:—AMSTERDAM.
 Eastern Head Office:—BATAVIA.

BRANCHES:—Bandjermasin, Ban-
 doeng, Bontang, Calcutta, Cher-
 bon, Djember, Djokjakarta,
 The Hague, Kobe, Koto-Badja,
 Makassar, Medan, Padang,
 Palembang, Penang, Pontianak,
 Rangoon, Rotterdam,
 Samarang, Shanghai,
 Singapore, Sourabaya, Soer-
 akarta (Solo), Tegal, Tjilatjap
 and Weltevreden.

LONDON BANKERS:—NATIONAL PRO-
 VINCIAL BANK, LTD.
 Correspondents all over the
 World.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY
 DESCRIPTION.
 J. O. MAASSEN,
 Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK,
LIMITED.

Capital fully paid—
 up) Yen 100,000,000
 Reserve FundYen 84,500,000
 HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:
 Batavia, Kai Yuen, Rangoon,
 Bombay, Karachi, Sourabaya,
 Buenos Aires, Kobe, San Fran-
 cisco,
 Calcutta, Lyons, Seattle,
 Canton, Los Angeles, Semarang,
 Changchun, Manila, Shanghai,
 Dairen, Nagasaki, Singapore,
 (Dalny), Nagoya, Shimoda,
 Fongtian, Newchwang, Sydney,
 (Mukden), Osaka, Tientsin,
 Hamburg, New York, Tokyo,
 Hankow, Peking, Tsinanfu,
 Harbin, Rio de Janeiro,
 Honolulu, Vladivostok.

Interest allowed on Current
 Accounts.
 Deposits received for Fixed
 Periods at rates to be obtained on
 application.
 O. ARIMA, Manager.
 Hongkong, 11th March, 1926. [35]

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK.

Capital (Fully Paid)Roubles
 55,000,000
 RESERVE FUND23,800,000
 RUP. TL.

CAPITAL CONTRIBUTED BY
 THE CHINESE GOVT.3,500,000
 RESERVE FUND1,750,000

Head Office:
 Paris: 9, Rue Boudreau.
 LONDON OFFICE:
 64, Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

BANKERS:
 LONDON: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie
 & Co.; Societe Generale pour
 Favoriser le Developpement du
 Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
 PARIS: Societe Generale pour
 Favoriser le Developpement du
 Commerce et de l'Industrie en
 France; Banque de Paris et des
 Pays-Bas.

LYONS: Societe Generale pour
 Favoriser le Developpement du
 Commerce et de l'Industrie en
 France.
 NEW YORK: The Irving Bank;
 Columbia Trust Company.
 SAN FRANCISCO: The Crocker
 National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA:
 Obangchun, Harbin, Peking,
 Obfo, Hongkong, Shanghai,
 Faiman, Kachgar, Tientsin,
 Hailar, Manchouli, Urumtsi,
 Hankow, Newchwang, Yokohama.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-
 counts and Fixed Deposits. Terms
 on application. Local Bills dis-
 counted.
 Foreign Exchange on the Principal
 Cities of the World bought and sold.
 L. BAINES, Manager.

Printed and Published by OLIVER THOMAS BREAKSPAY, for the
 HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, LTD., at 11, Chater Road, Victoria,
 Hongkong. London Office: 181, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
 AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
 INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER,
 1853.

Head Office: LONDON.
 Paid-up Capital£3,000,000
 Reserve Fund£4,000,000
 Reserve Liability of Pro-
 prietors£3,000,000

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.
 ALOR STAR, IPOH, BANGKOK,
 AMSTERDAM, KARACHI, SINGAPORE,
 BANGKOK, KLANG, SEMARANG,
 BATAVIA, KOBÉ, SHANGHAI,
 BOMBAY, KUALA, SINGAPORE,
 CALCUTTA, LUMPU, SOERABAYA,
 CANTON, KUCHING, TAIPEI,
 CAYENNE, MADRAS, TIENTSIN,
 CEBU, MANILA, YOKO,
 COLOMBO, NEW YORK,
 DUBLIN, Peking, SHINGTAO,
 HAIPHONG, Peking, YOKOHAMA,
 HANKOW, Peking, ZAMBOANGA,
 HONGKONG, Peking, (Philippine
 Islands).

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General
 Banking Business transacted.
 CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and
 FIXED DEPOSITS received for one
 year or shorter periods at rates
 which will be quoted on applica-
 tion.
 A. H. FERGUSON,
 Manager.
 Hongkong, August 1st, 1926. [30]

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANK-
ING CORPORATION.

AN AMERICAN BANK.
 CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
 U.S. \$3,000,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:
 37, WALL STREET,
 NEW YORK.

BRANCHES:
 SHANGHAI

General Banking and Exchange
 Business.
 Interest Allowed on all Deposits.
 Rates on Application.

LONDON AND PARIS AGENTS:
 EQUITABLE TRUST CO., or N.Y.
 38] D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

HONGKONG WEEKLY
PRESS.

CONTAINING ALL THE WEEK'S
 LOCAL NEWS.

The Paper to send Home